THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

P. E. PENNIMAN, } Editors.
JOSEPH ELDERKIN, }
THE COSTAMAGNA, Business Manager.

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TERMS:

One Year, by mail..... $8,00.
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CITY ITEMS.

Opera House.
Don't forget Sefton's Benefit to-night.

Visit Bates & Bell's
For elegant Silks and Dress Goods, Shawls and Cloaks.

Opera House.
Secure your seats, and avoid the rush at the box office, for Sefton's Benefit to-night.

Hang Out Your Banners
On the outer walls, the city is still they come, for Sawyer's Barbers' soap.

Opera House.
Joan of Arch and Sixteen-String-Jack, for Sefton's Benefit to-night.

Bradley's Hoop Skirts,
Empress Trail, in short sizes.
BATES & BELL'S.

Opera House.
The Iron City Boys, Tom and Frank, and Johny Scullen, the Champion, in clog dances, for Sefton's Benefit to-night.

Shirtings,
Muslins, and Flannels, Shirt Bosoms and Cuffs.
BATES & BELL'S.

New Dress Spring Goods,
Now opening on the north-east corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Ginghams, Prints.
A full line at very low prices, on the north-east corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Bates & Bell's
Entire stock has been marked down to correspond with the reduction in the Eastern market. Muslins and prints are selling at the lowest prices of the day.

Heavy Muslin
Five bales opened this morning, which will be sold below market rates, on the north-east corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Table Linen.
Bleached, half bleached, and unbleached, all grades and at very low prices, on the north-east corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Boys' Wear.
Cassimeres, Clothes, Satinetts, Tweeds, Flannels, Cloaks, Shawls, Linen Goods, Muslins, Shirt Fronts, Prints and Ginghams, are selling at Bates & Bell's, 21 Fifth street, at the lowest prices of the day.

Carpenter Jobbing Shop
Having returned after an absence of three years in the army, I have reopened my shop for all sorts of jobbing in the carpenter line at the old stand, Virgin Alley, between Smithfield street and Cherry Alley. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.
WILLIAM FORREST

Thomas W. Parry & Co.,
Practical Slate Roofers, and Dealers in American Slate of various colors. Office at Alexander Laug'hlin's near the Water Works Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, No. 78 Pike street. Orders promptly attended to. All work warranted water proof. Repairing done at the shortest notice. No charge for repairs, provided the roof is not abused afte. it is put on.

In Spite of the Great Advance
In Soda Ash and Potash, you can buy them of the most superior quality at the old rates at Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street, where you can also purchase drugs, patent medicines and perfumery at lower prices than elsewhere in the city. Fleming's stock of pure liquors for medicinal purposes cannot be equalled in the city for quality or price. Remember the place, 84 Market street.

Fall and Winter Goods.
It is with great pleasure we call the attention of our readers to the superb stock of Fall and Winter Goods just received by Mr. John Weier, Merchant Tailor, No. 120 Federal street, Allegheny. His stock embraces some of the most beautiful Cloths, Cassimeres, Overcoatings and Vestings ever brought to the Western Market. His assortment of Furnishing Goods, comprising shirts, Drawers, Collars Neck Ties Handkerchiefs, &c., cannot be surpassed east or west. A large stock of ready made Pants Coats, Vests and Overcoats, will also be found in his establishment. Persons in want of any thing in the clothing line should not fail to give Mr. Weier a call.

The Wickedness of Woman
One young lady friend expressed annoyance to another young lady friend, at the fact that she could not walk along the street, without being stared out of countenance by those hateful men.

"You should do as I do, my dear," replied the other, "they never stare at my face."

"But how can you prevent it?" asked the other; "what can you do?"

"Do? Why I let them catch the least glimpse of an ancle. I can assure you the remedy is specific."

"Yes, but dear," plaintively rejoined the first and fascinating complainant; "suppose one's gaiters are not so neat and fashionable as one could entirely desire!" Suppose, for instance—

"Oh, pshaw! you silly girl!" exclaimed her confident—"don't you know where to get the sweetest, nicest, wickedest little gaiters in the world?—here, come with me."

And where do you suppose they went?

Why, to J. A. Robinson & Co.'s, No. 61 Market street, at whose store they obtained the very kind of gaiters they wanted.

The Breaking up of Winter.
Under the hard seal of winter the filth of our cities, the pestiferous soil of our marshes and swamps, the mud and slime that form the alluvial of our great rivers, have been for nearly three months comparatively harmless. But now the early spring sun is thawing them, and the elements of disease that were locked under the frost are fermenting, effervescing, evaporating. The atmosphere is heavy with malaria and miasma. Every cubic foot of air we breathe is tainted more or less with the mephitic vapor which returning warmth exhales from the unwholesome material of every description.

This, then, is the season when the system needs protection, and the experience of fourteen years has proved that Hostetter's stomach Bitters, by invigorating the stomach, toning the liver, regulating the bowels, and bracing the nerves, puts the whole organization in a condition of defence against the subtle poison which generates Agues, Remittent Fevers, Bilious attacks, Indigestion and Nervous diseases.

Now is the time for prevention. The *time* is nearly on the wing; is it not the wildest improvidence to neglect the *antidote*? A few bottles of Hostetter's Bitters in every house in a new settlement, or a dirty city, or a marshy district, will secure the whole population against all the ordinary spring epidemics, if the preparation is universally and faithfully taken according to the directions. It is from lack of *resistant power* in their systems that men and women are prostrated by disease. Invigorate, regulate and purify the body and cheer the mind with the great Tonic, Alterative and Detergent, and *all will be well.*

Hostetter's Bitters
Are sold wholesale and retail at very low rates at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine depot, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond and Fourth street.

The South American War.
NEW YORK, March 27.—The *Herald's* Rio Janeiro correspondent writes respecting affairs in Brazil and the progress of the war between the Allies and Paraguay, that the grand attack of the former had not yet been made, but the two hostile forces confronted each other on the opposite sides of the Paraguay river, and it was expected that the allied army would cross about the middle of February, preparatory to a formidable assault on the Paraguayan stronghold of Humaita. The British, Argentine and Uruguayan troops together mustered about 65,000, to oppose whom there were only twenty-eight or thirty thousand Paraguayans. Brazil had also on the river twenty-four war vessels, four of which were iron clads, and the Argentines had two or three men of war. The Brazilians are very desirous of a large immigration to their country, and were holding meetings to forward the matter. Great inducements are offered to American farmers to remove thither.

Detective Baker's Case.
WASHINGTON, March 27.—Yesterday General Lafayette C. Baker, late Chief Detective of the War Department, entered a special plea of former conviction, and on the charges for which he is now inducted in the Criminal Court, which were for robbing Mrs. Cobb, the pardon broker, of two hundred dollars. The prosecution demurred to the plea, and this morning Judge Fisher delivered an opinion sustaining the plea, and dismissing the defendant. The sentence on the former will be passed to-morrow.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOLUME LXXX.---NO. 73. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1866. PRICE THREE CENTS

THE LATEST NEWS
BY TELEGRAPH.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, March 27, 1866.

SENATE.

Mr. Bigham read in place an act separating the duties of the Clerk of the Orphans Court, of Allegheny county, from that of the Criminal. Also, an act incorporating the West Hickory and Dennis Run Oil and Transportation Company.

BILLS CONSIDERED.

An act authorizing the Commissioners of Westmoreland and other counties of the Commonwealth to apply the State tax for 1866 to county purposes was, on motion, indefinitely postponed. Yeas 15, nays 14.

An act to increase the capital stock of the Pennsylvania Salt Company. Passed finally.

An act relating to annuities and gratuities to soldiers of 1812 and their widows. Passed finally.

Adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Senate met at three o'clock.

Mr Graham read in place, an act authorizing a special tax in the borough of McKeesport, and to curb, grade, and improve the streets of said borough.

An act incorporating the Pittsburgh Gas saving Company was passed finally.

Mr Bigham moved to take up the General Railroad Law. Not agreed to by a vote of—yeas, 9; nays, 22.

An act incorporating the Pithole and Titusville Railroad Company was passed finally.

Adjourned.

HOUSE.

Mr. Herron moved to reconsider the vote on the Interest Bill. This was agreed to and the bill passed by a vote of 89 to 4.

BILLS PASSED.

An act relative to the Sharpsburg and Lawrenceville Bridge Company. An act to locate Bank Lane, Duquesne borough. An act relative to the enrollment tax on the Youghiogheny Gas and Coal Company. An act relative to the borough of Johnstown. An act to abolish the Board of Poor House Directors in Westmoreland county. An act relative to the collection of taxes, and the payment of Wardens in the Allegheny county prison. An act relative to the increase of tolls on the Pittsburgh and Washington turnpike. An act relative to the election of Supervisors in Perry township, Fayette county. An act to increase the pay of Commissioners in Washington county. An act to appoint an additional Notary Public in Allegheny county. An act relative to the licenses of restaurants in Butler county.

Adjourned.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Navy Medical Corps Examination.

BREVET PROMOTIONS AND EARLY ASSIGNMENT

Vacant Public Lands.

NEW TAX BILL PREPARING.

Reimbursement of West Virginia.

CHANGES IN FRACTIONAL CURRENCY.

NEW YORK, March 27.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: The Boards for the examination of candidates for admission into the medical corps of the navy are still in session at the navy hospital in New York, and the navy asylum at Philadelphia, and will so continue until all vacancies are filled.

The Senate Military Committee yesterday passed upon a large number of brevet military promotions, and assignments of West Point cadets to the regular army, which will be acted upon at the next executive session of the Senate.

The sum of $58,530 in fractional currency was yesterday delivered by the printing division of the Treasury Department.

The following statement exhibits the amount of vacant public lands in the several States: Alabama, 6,232,000 acres; Louisiana, 6,228,182 acres; Florida, 1,021,288 acres; Mississippi, 4,500,795 acres; Arkansas, 2,258,01 acres. There are no public lands in the States of North and South Carolina, Georgia, Tennessee or Kentucky.

Bids for 2,000 barrels of flour were yesterday opened by the Commissary of Subsistence of the Military Department. A much larger number was offered than were called for. The bids ranged from $10,40 to $10,50 for No. 1 flour, and $9,75 to $10,25 for No. 2. All the No. 2 offered at $9,93 and under, and the No. 1 offered at $10,40 and under, were taken.

The *World's* Washington special says: Hooper Ways and Means Committee are preparing new tax bill, in which they propose to put such articles as ought not to go on the free list at the only precedent for which I can report is the one putting a tax of five cents a pound on cotton. To-day, however, they expect to set the same of the other matters, and next week report the bill to the House.

The Senate Military Committee yesterday authorized Mr. Smith to report in favor of allowing the State of West Virginia for moniles expended in raising and transporting troops during the rebellion, to the amount of some $8,000.

The *Times'* Washington special says: The Committee on Banks and Currency have unanimously agreed to report the joint resolution directing the withdrawal of the issue of fifty per cent fractional currency upon which appears the head of a private individual. An amendment thereto provides that thereafter no head or device of any kind shall be put on the currency except by the express designation of the Secretary of the Treasury.

The Flying Squadron—Convention of Trade Societies—Fenian Council in Session—Grand Billiard Exhibition.

NEW YORK, March 27.—The *World* says: The flying squadron which is to be fitted out for a cruise on the British North American coast, will, it is said, consist of seven vessels. In all probability the vessels selected will be the Chattanooga, Pensacola, Ashuelot, Augusta, Monongahela, Oneida and Galena. The above named vessels mount in the aggregate eighty-six guns. At the present time there are seventeen belonging to England in their navy, and they are nearly all large vessels, outnumbering in the aggregate about five thousand men. France has also quite a number of vessels cruising around the West India Islands and in the gulf of Mexico.

The presiding officers of the different Trade Union Associations held a meeting yesterday afternoon in this city, for the purpose of making arrangements for holding a Grand National Convention of the Trade Societies of the United States. Credentials were presented from the representatives of fifty thousand members of the different parts of the country at large. Resolutions were offered and adopted, and committees appointed to make the necessary preparations for the National Convention.

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From California.

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RECONSTRUCTION.

Virginia and the Carolinas.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON RECONSTRUCTION.

Important Witnesses Examined

RESUME OF TESTIMONY.

Gen. Lee's Opinion.

THE FEELING IN THE SOUTH.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The testimony taken by the Reconstruction Committee in regard to Virginia and the two Carolinas, was to-day reported in the House by Mr. Conkling, and ordered to be printed. The delay in reporting it was caused by the absence of Sen. Howard, before whom all of it was taken.

There were more than sixty witnesses examined by Senator Howard in relation to the condition of affairs in the States of Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina. Some few witnesses were examined by him in relation to other southern States, but their testimony was reported with that of the States to which it applied.

Among the more important of the witnesses examined in relation to Virginia were Mr. Underwood, who has been elected United States senator from that State, but has not yet been admitted; Mr. L. McKenzie, in the same position in regard to the House of Representatives; Gen. Terrett, commanding the post at Richmond, Mr. Gen. Peery, in command of the Department, and Col. Orlando Brown, Post Commander of the Freedmen's Bureau, Department of Richmond; Judge Scott, Virginia legislator, including Jed. Major Botts, Charles D. Grant, of Augusta county; John F. Lewis, of Rockingham county, and Gen. Gibbon, of Richmond. Gen. Gibbon, although for the present in the Commonwealth, was formerly of the Confederate army. Gen. Edward F. Lee, of the rebellion, and Rev. Gen. M. D. Case, of the same five mentioned Richmond legislature, namely, R. E. Baldwin, Speaker of the House of Delegates; Gen. P. Tayloe, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, and C. E. Stuart, of Richmond Capitol; and F. B. Deane, members of the State Senate, the latter four mostly colonels in the rebel army; the Rev. Dr. McMurray, rector of Christ Church, Alexandria; Rev. Dr. Hatch, and Rev. John M. Brainard, of Fredericksburg.

The colored men, including A. Meredith Bigg, most ably sought, by the questions put by him, to bring out the real sentiment of the people in relation to the Federal Government, except in Virginia that there is no combination or conspiracy against the Government. In Virginia they are disappointed and saddened by the result of the war, except that result unanimously and are only looking now to their material interests. Their lands are lying waste, their plantations ruined, and their financial prospects is to extend to laboring for the Government and making them in capital supporters, as they have been in labor supporters, to the Government. As for the white people, he says he has always entertained, that the State of Virginia would be restored peacefully and he has the idea that the first move proposed by individual Federal presidents of war.

The testimony of several of the members of Virginia legislature, as to the ordinance of secession in President Johnson, was equally important and interesting. They concur in declaring that the ordinance was passed under the coercion of the Government. The question of coercion they say, was settled by the sword, and the people have accepted the issue in good faith, and desire to live, henceforth, in faithfulness to the Republic. They represent the feeling of the people at large and of themselves as unalterably opposed to the repudiation of the national rights. The Legislature was engaged in removing most, if not all, the obnoxious discriminations in law between the whites and colored men.

On the test question of the course which Virginians would take in case of a war between the United States and any foreign power, they say, in high affirmative the South is promise of establishing their independence, their testimony was considerably on the side of loyalty. Governor Pierpont, Lieut. Gov. Wilson, Gen. Terry and Turner and Col. Brown, examined, if not all, of the unqualified Union men concerned in representing the sentiment of the people in relation to the war, and the disposition of the people to accept its results in good faith. Governor Pierpont, in particular, testified to the universal desire of the people to be restored to their former relations to the Government, and to have confidence restored to them. Governor Pierpont, in particular, testified, having been in the mountains of Virginia, where he was compelled to remain for nearly two years, and where he was hunted like a wild beast by the rebels, for his adherence to the Union, that the people were heartily sick of the war, longing for peace on any terms, and ready to receive gracefully the pardon of the Government, and submit to any terms that might be imposed. Governor Pierpont was very eloquent and interesting.

Most of the witnesses of that class opposed the decided opinion that Gen. Lee would be willing to be associated with Fitzhugh Lee, Breckinridge and others of the leading spirits of the Confederacy. Gen. Lee's witness, however, deny this and represent the people as willing to pay their share of the Federal debt by taxation, and were willing to put forth their strength to aid in a repudiation of either.

Outside of these matters of general policy there is one highly important fact developed in the testimony of Virginia and the close of the rebellion, on which the testimony of three witnesses was taken. This was a conference held between Gen. Weitzel and Judge Campbell, a member of the Virginia secession convention, delegated by the Union element of the State, and Mr. John B. Baldwin, present, and Judge Campbell, at the request of Mr. Lincoln, in relation to the terms of surrender. The first statement on the subject came from Mr. Baldwin, in conversation with Mr. Lincoln, and was reported with the latter's consent to Gen. Weitzel. Gen. Weitzel, in consequence, came to Washington for the same purpose, and was sent back by Mr. Lincoln, accompanied by Mr. Baldwin. I am not sure that I have come to the latter's report correctly, but I could have been fully assured of it by applying to him. Why I replied Mr. Baldwin. All of his friends, Mr. Pierpont, I am told, understood it, and I myself entertained that idea. Mr. Lincoln replied that he had never understood it so, and they are nearly all large vessels, outnumbering in the aggregate about five thousand men. France has also quite a number of vessels cruising around the West India Islands and in the gulf of Mexico.

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THE CIVIL RIGHTS BILL.

PRESIDENT'S VETO MESSAGE.

WASHINGTON, March 27, 1866.

To the Senate of the United States:

I regret that the bill which has passed both Houses of Congress, entitled an act to protect all persons in the United States in their civil rights, and furnish the means of their vindication, contains provisions which I cannot approve consistently with my sense of duty to the whole people and my obligations to the Constitution of the United States. I have therefore constrained to return it to the senate, in the hope that the objections which I have felt with the constitution and constitutional laws of the United States—the latter to be found as the supreme law of the land.

The third section gives the District Courts of the United States exclusive cognizance of all crimes and offenses committed against the provisions of this bill, and concurrent jurisdiction with the Circuit Courts of the United States, of all civil and criminal cases affecting persons who are denied or cannot enforce in the courts or judicial tribunals of the State or locality where they may be, any of the rights secured to them by the first section.

The construction which I have given to the second section, makes the clear implication of a denial or deprivation of rights secured by the first section was in contemplation. It is a denial or deprivation of such rights to the coming of judicial tribunals. It stands, therefore, clear of doubt, that the offense and the penalties provided in the second section are created for the State Judge, who, in the clear exercise of his functions as a judge, not acting ministerially but independently, shall decide contrary to this fourth section. In other words, should a State Judge, acting upon a question involving a conflict between State law and federal law in favor of the latter, make himself liable to the pains of his own judgment at the peril of fine and imprisonment.

The legislative department of the Government of the United States takes from the judicial department of the States the sacred and exclusive duty of a judicial decision, and converts the State judge into a mere ministerial officer, bound to decide according to the will of Congress.

XXXVIth CONGRESS---FIRST SESSION

WASHINGTON, March 27, 1866.

SENATE.

Mr. Doolittle's bill provides that all heretofore slaves are free, that all customs and laws to the contrary are void, that the right of liberty is a misdemeanor, punishable by fine and imprisonment, that the injured parties may recover $1,000 each, that the courts may remove the cause to the District or Circuit Court. It shall be the duty of the Attorney and Marshal of the United States to prosecute for the United States.

Mr. Stewart submitted a substitute for his recent joint resolution, which provides that the constitution shall not confer the right shall exist among the population, except Indians, on account of race or color, and no disfranchisement. All debts involved for the rebellion shall be paid, the second article of the amendment shall be enforced, and all persons shall be recognized, and admitted to representation. General amnesty is declared for participation in the rebellion, except the elective power of congress on the right of suffrage.

Several unavailing efforts were made to postpone action on the resolution and bill.

Mr. Clark moved to amend so as to declare Mr. Stockton not entitled to his seat.

Mr. Stockton explained.

The question then recurred on Mr. Clark's amendment, the vote resulting: Yeas 15, nays 25.

The bill was referred to reconsider, and after some discussion, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

Mr. Spaulding of Ohio, introduced a bill to grant certain privileges to the Sub-Marine Telegraph Company. Read twice, and referred.

Mr. Beaman, of Michigan, introduced a bill granting certain lands to the State of Michigan, to aid in the construction of a ship canal to connect the waters of Lake Superior with the lake known as Lac La Belle. Read twice and referred.

Also, a resolution was adopted to inquire into the expediency of constructing a ship canal from the mouth of the river Illinois to the Desplaines river in Michigan, and to report at an early day.

The morning hour was then called in the consideration of reports made by the Committee on Reconstruction, reporting the testimony taken in reference to the state of Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina.

Condensed Summary of Foreign News.

The following is a condensed summary of news received by the China last night.

The Reciprocity Treaty between British North America and the United States has been terminated on the 17th. The *Times* says, after the warning, American fishermen will be excluded.

Lord Clanwilliam will replace Gen. Dodge as Captain-General of Cuba, Gen. Concha succeeding Ofanosa as Minister of Infantry.

Mr. Adams has not yet been received in exchange of diplomatic notes between Austria and Prussia since February 4th.

A Vienna telegram says: A convention with Mexico, in relation to the mission to Austria for a commercial corps for Mexico, was signed on the 5th by Count Mensdorff and the Mexican Minister.

The cholera is declared extinct in Egypt.

A meeting was held in Liverpool, on the 8th, to consider the prospect of the Atlantic Telegraph. W. Field, Capt. Anderson and Mr. Bailey were present, and evoked much enthusiasm.

The Atlantic cable returns are more favorable.

The Spanish Minister has promised to raise the state of siege in a few days. It is denied that the British government has been asked to mediate.

The Cork *Examiner* says it has excellent authority for knowing that the report current for the last few days, that Stephens had quitted Ireland is correct, and that Stephens prior to his departure, disposed of the monies in the Brotherhood treasury, and the advisers of the Fenian movement, for the purpose of enabling them peaceful pursuits than they had been during for some time.

The Rochefort correspondent's "orphans" wife was in York, intending to sail for America on the 15th in the ship of Boston.

The London *Daily News* says the King of Prussia has expressed Von Beust's explanations, and agreement is yet to be effected by which Austria may consent to the annexation of Schleswig Holstein to Prussia. It is said to be in consultation to give back North Schleswig to Denmark.

VERY LATEST.—COMMERCIAL.—*Liverpool, Saturday Evening, March 24.*—Cotton—Sales to-day of 20,000 bales, including 5,000 bales to speculators and exporters. The market is buoyant, with an advance of ¼ penny per pound. Breadstuffs—The market is firm. Provisions are dull with a downward tendency under the influence of letters by the steamer City of London. The Petroleum market is unchanged at 2s 2½d for refined, closing quiet.

An Attack by Burglars.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., March 27.—About eight o'clock last evening as Robert Henry Henderson, well known as the drummer boy of the Rappahannock, was entering the front door of the building of Eastman's College, he was set upon by three burglars, who had gained an entrance to the building. Supposing the sound of the thieves fired two shots at Henderson in quick succession, the balls striking a testament in the breast pocket of his coat, doing him no injury whatever. Henderson immediately drew a revolver and returned the fire rapidly. During the confusion the burglars made their escape. Upon examination it was found that an attempt had been made to steal Henderson's beautiful silver drum, which was presented to him by the *Tribune* Association, and a quantity of clothing belonging to the Quartermaster department of the college. The affair caused considerable excitement, and the police are working up the case.

Collision of Coal Boats with Monitors on the Ohio—Eight Supposed Lost.

CAIRO, March 27.—The tow boat Hercules, with twelve loaded coal boats, coming down the Ohio river at four o'clock this morning ran against the monitor Tippecanoe, and choked opposite this city, breaking the cabin of that vessel, causing it to drift against the monitor Peosta, breaking the latter's iron rannis several inches out of line, and forcing her from her mooring. Both monitors floated some distance below to the city before they could be stopped. It is now known that eight coal boats were lost, as the Hercules collected those still afloat and proceeded on her voyage without loading, but it is believed that eight were lost.

Treasure From Oregon—Johnson Meeting.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 26.—The steamer Pacific has arrived from Portland, Oregon, with ten thousand dollars in treasure.

The Republicans called a meeting at Portland to endorse President Johnson, when two tables, who was present, arose and announced the meeting as a meeting of Copperheads. He with others then left the meeting.

Fire in City Hall, New York.

NEW YORK, March 27. A fire occurred in City Hall this afternoon. The damage was only about $2,000.

The New York *Tribune* says an impression prevails in Wall street that the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company, will soon make a perpetual lease of the Cleveland Railroad at a fixed rental of eight per cent. on the stock.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Trial of Joseph Keener and Andrew Busha for the Murder of William McCabe.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER—*Tuesday, March 27.*—Before Judges Sterrett, Melton, Stowe and Brown.

At the opening of Court the counsel for the defendants stated that no additional evidence would be offered, and that they were ready to proceed with the argument.

Short addresses were then delivered by Thomas M. Marshall, H. Collier and Wm. C. Moreland, Esqrs., in behalf of the defendants. They were followed by District Attorney Duff, for the prosecution. The arguments did not occupy over an hour.

Judge Mellon delivered the charges of the Court, instructing the jury as to the several grades of homicide, which might be applicable to this case.

The jury, after an hour's absence, returned with a verdict of guilty of manslaughter as to Joseph Keener, and not guilty as to Andrew Busha.

Mr. Collier then asked for the discharge of Andrew Busha, when Judge Stowe ordered that he remain committed in the sum of $1,000 to keep the peace for two years towards all good citizens.

ANOTHER CHARGE AGAINST KEENER.

Joseph Keener was next arraigned on a charge of felonious assault and battery, on one Rachel Coleman, a colored woman named Nancy Thompson, the witness in the homicide case. One of the shots which Keener fired struck her on the leg, above the knee, and inflicted a severe wound. The case was submitted without argument, and the jury found a verdict of guilty.

STILL ANOTHER.

The same defendant was arraigned on a charge of robbery, in stealing a watch from Isaac Linn, on the 1st of December, at East Liberty, the defendant, with others, visited the house of Kennedy W. Martin, at East Liberty, and being denied admittance undertook to force an entrance. Linn went to the assistance of Kennedy, when Keener drew a knife on him, threatened to "run it through him," and then seized his watch and ran away with it. When Keener was arrested he had the watch in his possession. Verdict, guilty as charged.

Defendant's counsel made a motion for a new trial and in arrest of judgment, but Judge Stowe declined to entertain it, alleging that it would be trifling with justice to do so.

ANOTHER STILL.

Keener was next charged with feloniously assaulting Mrs. Ann E. Manning, being the same party mentioned above, and the assault being part of the same outrage. There was no defense, and the jury convicted with-out leaving the box.

THE PUNISHMENT—TWENTY-NINE YEARS TO THE PENITENTIARY.

As soon as these cases had been ended, Judge Stowe proceeded to pass sentence upon the prisoners, and addressed himself first to that purpose. The Judge remarked to him that the series of high offenses against society of which he had just been convicted, proved him to be a most dangerous character of civil liberty. The jury might, under the testimony adduced on the trial, have pronounced a verdict which would have sent him to the gallows for his life. But they had dealt mercifully with him; they had discharged their duty, and it now devolved upon the Court to deal out justice to him. That it might be, it could not be shirked. He then took the indictments in the order in which they were tried, and passed sentence as follows: Keener was a man of powerful frame, and apparently full of physical vigor. He had served in the late war, but since "his return he has only served more like a wolf than a man." Liquor was evidently the cause of the crime. Let his fate serve as a warning to evil-doers.

A WORD TO BUSHA.

Andrew Busha was then ordered to his feet, and was reminded of the fact that his escape from the gallows was owing to one of those fortunate circumstances which sometimes happen in the trial of criminal cases. The testimony of one of the witnesses came very near proving murder in the first degree, but not being clear as to whether it was to Keener "shoot" or "don't shoot." He (after being on a friend's scaffold) is glad, and he might congratulate himself that he might have to suffer, for some guilt, however, on the conduct of the Judge ordering him to find good security in the sum of $1,000, and to conduct behavior for the period of two years.

Court of Quarter Sessions.

TUESDAY, March 27.—Before Judges Sterrett, Melton and Brown.

Daniel Mapes, proprietor of a tavern in the Sixth ward, was indicted for selling liquor without license. He made his appearance in Court, and, through his counsel acknowledged the fact, but pleaded in bar to that effect. His counsel urged the Court to exercise leniency, on the ground that it was the "first offense" and promised that due precaution would be taken in the future to keep the letter of the law. The defendant was required to pay a fine of fifty dollars and costs.

Charles Hope was indicted for the charge of fornication and bastardy, on oath of Mary Watson. The prosecutrix appeared with a babe in her arms, and after the testimony had been heard, the defendant was found guilty. Hope was sentenced to pay the sum of $50 to the mother to defray the expenses already incurred, and the further sum of one dollar per week for the term of one year, and four years. The parties reside in Baldwin township.

Martin Green was put on trial for the misdemeanor in refusing to assist Thomas Adley, of the Mayor's Police, in making an arrest. Lieut. Campbell, of the Night Police, having been informed that Green had struck Adley or arrest one Patrick Connor. Patrick was found with a poker in his hand, and Adley, fearing to attack him single-handed, called on Green to assist him. Green refused, whereupon he was arrested and held to answer. The indictment was drawn under the 8th section of the Penal Code, which provides that any person who shall refuse to assist an officer of the Commonwealth to make an arrest, when called on, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Judge Melton held that there was no evidence that Adley was an "officer of the Commonwealth," he having been commissioned and sworn as one of the Mayor of the city of Pittsburgh. The jury found a verdict of not guilty the county to pay the cost. This decision is of some importance to our city police.

John Seifert, charged with selling liquor on Sunday, was dismissed on a *nol pros*., being entered by leave of court.

I. Wolf, for selling liquor without license, was fined $50 and costs.

Adam Walker, on an old offender, was up again for illegal liquor selling, and was sentenced to pay a fine of 100 and costs.

Adam Walker was put on trial for the larceny of one hame from Mr. Eckert, a butcher of McClure township.

A Reconstructionist in Trouble

Benjamin Barkhardt appeared before Alderman Patrick, yesterday, and recounted a long story of domestic infelicity, in the moral law, to which he, as the proper head of a family had been subjected in attempting to manage his household affairs. Believing that thorough reconstruction was necessary for a correction of rebellious tendencies as well in the family as in the political household, he proceeded to administer to Mrs. Barkhardt such punishment as he thought fit, but his better half began to assert her authority in the matter, and resolved to throw a damper upon the aforesaid policy, which she did in the shape of a gallon of water, throwing basin and all at the head of her liege lord. Mr. B. then fled Mrs. B. brought up before the Alderman, who was about to commit her, when Mr. B. interposed, saying that he would procure her bail, for the sake of the baby, which he alleged was worth its weight in gold. Meantime, Mr. B. is nursing the baby, his wife, in reconstruction, and we shall probably hear from him again.

Taking Out the Rent.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR.

MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. CEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Notice is hereby given that hereafter all TRANSIENT advertisements received at this office must be paid for when handed in, except in the case of yearly advertisers, whose bills will be rendered quarterly, as usual. Advertisers will please make a note of this, as the rule of cash payments for advertisements of the character stated, will be inflexibly enforced.

The price of our paper is THREE CENTS at the counter or from newsboys. Served by carriers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week.

RESUMPTION.

We are fully of opinion that an early resumption of specie payments is every way desirable for all leading business interests and for all classes of people in this country, except speculators. The great difficulty experienced by business men, for months past, and at the present time, is the peculiar uncertainty in the market value of commodities. It is impossible to calculate even for a brief space ahead. What is the remedy for this evil? Some say, continued expansion. This, we think, is a mistake. Continued expansion must, under existing circumstances, mean lengthened uncertainty.

When, during the progress of the war, it was found necessary to extend the volume of paper currency, and protract the process of expansion through several years, business, so to speak, calculated for itself. In other words it did not require close computation to import, manufacture and sell in a constantly rising market. The only serious trouble was for the body of the people so to increase their incomes as to meet the necessarily enlarged outlays. For multitudes whose incomes were fixed, or comparatively fixed, either in the form of rents, dividends, interest or salaries, this was found to be a perplexing task. Probably as many individuals were inconvenienced in this way, and forced to desperate makeshifts, as will be actually incommoded by such a contraction as shall lead back to a specie basis.

It is natural manufacturers and traders who have made enormous and unprecedented profits, during the process of expansion, should desire to work back to a sound ey financial system without personal loss. Hence, various schemes have been devised to break the fall; to let matters down easily; to divide the inevitable losses so that none shall suffer much. All these plans are illusory. The descent to solid bottom is a fixed distance. It cannot be graded, as the Alleghenies are for a railroad track, so that the fall shall be only a given number of feet to the mile, and the passage made without concussion and derangement. The whole fall must be made, and the risks of making it must be borne by those who engineer the business enterprises of the country. Upon whom ought the losses consequent on the descent to come, if not on the men who made unparalleled gains by the ascent? For three or four years operators in the Anthracite coal regions made fabulous profits. Single individuals returned three, four and five hundred thousand dollars net yearly gains to be taxed upon. It is not probable they returned any more than they made. The incorporated companies made such extravagant earnings that their stocks sold for nearly three hundred on a par of one hundred. Many a poor widow had her life nearly pinched out of her by the prices from which these exorbitant profits were made. Now, coal has touched $5.25 at tide on the Hudson, and will go lower. Does any man suppose the widows grieve at the prospect of cheap fuel? This is one of the compensations that runs through the universe, and is no more to be baffled than any other law of nature.

For four years the paper makers, by combinations among themselves, favored by the peculiar condition of the country, have kept paper very much above its honest value. They have reaped most bountiful harvests, while the publishers of most of the leading dailies have suffered severe losses. Does any one imagine publishers will lament over the operation of general causes giving them cheap paper? On what principle of political economy are paper makers entitled to pull forever at the long end of the whiffletree, and publishers condemned to pull at the short end?

What if house rents go down? Artisans and laborers, who are paying for hovels sums that ought to secure them comfortable shelter, cannot be expected to cry.

These considerations apply with equal force to many other departments. The underlying idea is that they who had the advantage of the rise must bear the burden of the fall. If there is any device by which this result can be avoided we do not see it; and should not believe it just if we did.

It may be taken, then, as settled that a given amount of inconvenience and loss will be incurred in getting back from an irredeemable currency to a basis of coin. Is it wise to protract the period of uncertainty? Is it "lovely," to borrow a touch of Mr. SEWARD's rhetoric, to make and sell good in a gradually falling market, for three or four years in succession? Is it not better to accomplish the still remaining inevitable decline in three months, and have an end of it? "Time is money." These years which it is proposed to waste, in beating the air, are of immense value.

No sensible man expected, or now expects, to get down from gold at $2,80 to $1,00 without a serious shock to business prosperity. Many fortunes were made in the going up. Some will inevitably be lost in the going down, take which road we may. On the whole, we think the loss will be lessened by taking the direct high way. When once the bottom shall be reached, business men will be able to calculate ahead with tolerable certainty. Till then they will be groping in darkness.

We deprecate losses to business men, no matter how prodigious their accumulation of wealth, or how suddenly acquired. A law of social life identifies the prosperity of each with the highest practicable advancement of all. A man cannot be injured in his legier arm without having his whole body suffer. Neither can one member of society suffer, without detriment to the whole body thereof. But if amputation is indispensable, the sooner the operation is performed the better.

Gold has touched $1,24. If the expansionists and speculators can be held in check, it will doubtless fall to about par by mid-summer. All that is needful to produce this result is for Congress not to play into the hands of the inflationists. We say to Congress, by all means let us have a specie basis. The loss by a direct march will be less than by a long detour.

FINAL ADJOURNMENT.—It is presumed that the final adjournment of the Pennsylvania Legislature will take place on April 12th, although this has not been positively settled. A resolution to that effect passed the House and was sent into the Senate and concurred in, but ordered not to be sent back to the House for the present, and so the matter rests.

WHAT HE MEANS.

The President saysthat he is in favor of conferring office only upon "loyal" men, and that he belongs only to the "Union" party. His conservative supporters cite these declarations as proving conclusively that he is opposed torestoring the rebels to power, and that he still considers himself as a member of the "Union" or Republican party.

If the President used these terms "loyal" and "Union" in the same sense that the people of the North do, this would be a fair interpretation of his position; but he does not. For he has taken pains to tell us himself that he considers *any* man "loyal" who can take the oath to support the Constitution, without reference to his past course; and now a committee of his friends telegraph to Connecticut that the President consider that party, only, which supports his policy to be the "Union" party.

To put this matter straight upon the record, let us go back a little. On Wednesday evening of last week a large Union meeting was held in Hartford, Connecticut, at which the following dispatch was read by the chairman, Rowland Swift:

WASHINGTON, March 21, 1866.

To the Republican Meeting:

Our interviews with the President and others have been entirely satisfactory. He expresses a strong desire for the success of the Union party. He says he stands firmly upon its principles as declared by the last National Convention. He says positively that there has been no interference what ever with the canvass in Connecticut by any member of the administration, so far as he knows. E. H. OWEN.
WAKEHAM GRISWOLD.

This was considered quite satisfactory, at first, everybody taking it for granted that when the President expressed a desire for the success of the "Union" party, that the Republican party was intended, of course. But another dispatch soon followed this, in these words:

WASHINGTON, March 24, 1866.

To the People of Connecticut:

The President *approves* of the action of Postmaster Cleveland in upholding his policy, and returns his resignation.

The Hawley delegation misrepresented him in omitting to say that "the considers those his friends who approve of his policy, and his opponents who oppose it."

He considers the party "that supports his policy" the *Union Party*.

Signed, A. E. BURR.
C. W. INGERSOLL.

When the President, therefore, speaks of conferring office only upon "loyal" men in the South, he means those who have been disloyal during the war, and when he speaks of the "Union" party he means the party that has done its best for four years past to promote the disruption of the Union. His use of words is to be interpreted by Rory O'More's rule respecting dreams: "they always go by contraries, my dear."

MR. CLYMER'S DEFENCE OF SLAVERY.

In the Senate, March 11, 1862, Mr. CLYMER put his defence of Slavery in this specious form:

"I point to the life and teaching of Him whose mission was 'peace on earth, and good will towards men.' Born and reared in Judea, a province of the Roman empire, in which SLAVERY EXISTED in its worst form, and IN FEROCIOUS NUMBERS, *there being sixty millions of them.* If it, to say the least, remarkable that nowhere in all His teachings do we find the institution directly or indirectly condemned. * * * Why did He not denounce and rebuke it? Is it possible that the most stupendous social institution of the Roman empire should alone have escaped His denunciation and reproof? Oh, no, sir! I will not—cannot believe it. In order to do so I must throw my Bible away."

This constrains two remarks.

1st. It is, indeed, appalling to have "Slavery exist," in "frightful numbers," especially to have "sixty millions of them." But it is not surprising to find the democrats nominating a candidate for Governor who betrays so shameful a deficiency in scholarship.

2d. The day is happily passed in which it is profitable for any class of politicians to go about with a canting whine, and their Bibles dog-eared, to prove that Slavery is a Divine institution. Gentlemen who indulged in that recreation as late as 1862, ought in decency, to take back seats awhile longer.

SECRET TREASON.—Several of the Army Generals, now in service at the South, testified that there was a secret association at the South, designed to accomplish politically what the Rebellion failed to accomplish by force of arms.

The organization is known among its members as "The Blue Flag" or "The Blue," and has its initiation ceremonies, its grips, and passwords.

The leaders are the influential men in the South, and the poorer classes are admitted on swearing to second the efforts of these leaders. Their assistance is gained by an appeal to their prejudices against the Yankees, their pretended pride of superior blood, and their hatred to the "nigger." Each one is also promised a lot of land with negroes to work it, compelled to serve their masters by strict regulations, prohibiting them from changing employers or locality.

The projectors of this scheme are confident that the President and the majority of the Cabinet is with them, and that the President's 22d of February speech was put out as a feeler with Secretary Seward's in New York. Soon as it will be politic, the President is to dismiss Mr. Stanton, proclaim peace and universal amnesty, Jefferson Davis is to be liberated and the delegates from the Southern States are to be admitted to Congress. If the Congress refuses to bow to the decree it will be broken up by the arrest of the Union leaders as traitors, as foreshadowed by the President in charging them with treason, and the Democratic members with those from the South, and such of the conservative Union members as can be carried by the President, will constitute the Congress. It is asserted that the advocacy of Mr. Seward has been gained by a promise of the next Presidency, which by the vote of New York and the undivided South, is sure for him.

THE Richmond *Examiner* calls attention to the fact, as marking the "epoch of our self-abasement," that on the 15th of March there appeared in the Richmond *Times* the following notice:

"Married, on the evening of the 13th inst., by the Rev. C. W. Rutherbridge, Jas. Wilson and Martha Key.

"The parties married are colored persons. The license was issued by the Freedmen's Court."

The *Examiner* thinks the marriage of negroes sufficiently revolting, but its especial complaint is that in the same column of the same paper, under the head of "Married," appears a notice of the marriage of two white persons. This, the *Examiner* insists, "is disgusting beyond expression."

THE SUPPOSED IMPENDING VETO.—Many statements and theories are in circulation in regard to its points and its author ship. Henry Stanbury, of Ohio, is its reputed author. The *Intelligencer* of Saturday, by general acceptation, is understood to foreshadow the Executive objections. A similar leader preceded the veto of the Freedmen's Bureau Bill, and the editors of the *Intelligencer* are known to enjoy the President's confidence. An amusing fact has leaked out in connection with its oracular statements. It is known that a leader was put in type the fore part of last week fully indorsing the Civil Rights' bill, and a proof of this article was duly sent to the White House. A change came over the spirit of their dream, and Saturday's leader too clearly indicates the fate of the bill.—*New York Tribune.*

THE Department of State has received authentic information that the three colored children of Rose Elyrea, of New Orleans, who were taken to Havana without the consent of their parents, have been sent back to her by the United States Consul at the latter city. General Canby gave the information concerning the abduction or removal of the children, when the State Department instituted the measures which led to their recovery.

GENERAL NEWS.

THE CONNECTICUT ELECTION.—The Democrats are gathering up all their forces here, and sending them to Connecticut. It is said that in consideration of Toucey's friends supporting Mr. English for Governor, Mr. Toucey will be returned to the United States Senate should they carry the State. General Hawley telegraphs from Hartford to a correspondence between the Hartford Postmaster and the President, that he may "say to our friends that our ranks are unbroken, our honor bright, and our courage unshaken. Our rulers are chosen here, and not in Washington." Other telegrams announce that the action of the President is not yet certain to elect the Democratic ticket.—*Phil. Inquirer.*

IT is reported that Messrs. Harper & Bros have ordered a whole ship load of white paper from Belgium. Ticknor & Fields, Boston, have ordered 5,000 reams in London. It has been estimated that at present prices good book and news paper can be delivered in New York, all duties and expenses included, at three-quarters the price of American paper of the same grade. Another estimate makes the difference in favor of foreign paper ten per cent instead of twenty five per cent. It is certainly demonstrated that paper can be imported at cheaper rates than our paper makers are demanding.

CERTAIN persons residing in the so-called Confederate States during the rebellion, and who had a domicil in said State before the civil war and during its continuance, now come and demand of the Government balances which they allege were due and payable to them, before said civil war began, but the Second Comptroller of the Treasury has decided that they are not lawfully entitled to the payment of these balances. The laws of nations, the laws of Congress and the decisions of the Supreme Court, he says, justify that opinion.

LATE intelligence from Edinburg is to the effect that a disease has broken out among the sheep in several portions of Scotland. Examinations have been made and all the evidence elicited goes to prove that the plague, which has assumed a serious nature, is "really the rinderpest." Heretofore it has been believed that sheep were exempt from attacks of this fearful malady, but its appearance among the Scottish flocks does not warrant the assumptions of those scientific men who advocated the theory.

EX-GOV. ANDREW, of Mass., has written a note to Senator Stewart, most cordially indorsing the scheme proposed in the resolutions of the latter, which were lately introduced into the Senate. Gov. Andrew thinks that the colored men must be invested with the civil and political rights which pertain to citizenship, or they will be exterminated. So must the late rebels be reinstated in their former political rights, or they will be exterminated, and the same body of voters that carried each State into rebellion, in his opinion should bring it back.

THE Penn-sylvania Legislature is very much slighted in the annual report of the railroad corporation of which it is a co-ordinate department. It is not even referred to as a distinct department, and the items of its cost and management are covered up we are bound to believe under the comprehensive and convenient head of miscellaneous or incidental expenses. It is difficult to determine whether this is an instance of greatness unappreciated or the littleness appropriately overshadowed.—*Mauleville Republicana.*

IT APPEARS from a statement made in the report of the Chairman of the House Committee on Printing, that the Government uses one thirteenth of all the printing paper used in the United States, and that this has a very considerable effect in keeping up the price of paper. He also states that the Government expenditure for printing is one twelfth of the cost of all the printing done in the United States.

A DISTINCTION WITHOUT A DIFFERENCE.—President Johnson's approval of Mr. Cleveland's course in supporting his policy and Administration will, of course, be seized upon by radicals as additional proof of his purpose to abandon the Union party and join the Democrats. We do not regard it. It only proves his adhesion to his friends instead of his enemies.—*N. Y. Times.*

RETURNS from all the polls in New Hampshire have now been received, except seven very small towns. The majority for Smyth (Rep.) for Governor is 1,243, more than twice that of Lincoln's electoral ticket in 1864. The Union vote this year received is about 600 more than last year, while that of the Democrats has fallen off nearly 900.

EVERY Democratic member of the House of Representatives voted on Tuesday last against a bill to protect United States officers for acts done under color of military authority from prosecutions and punishment in State courts. The democrats do not think any better of the "Lincoln hirelings" than they used to do.

A CLERGYMAN, the Rev. Dr. Miller, was killed by being thrown from a sleigh, while on his way to attend the funeral of a Mr. Lambert, at West Bend, (Wis.) Strange to say, Mrs. Lambert, although laid out ready for burial, revived before the hour of burial came, and is now alive and well.

A JURY in London has given a verdict for $27,500 to Rev. Mr. Eland and wife, who were severely injured in the recent railroad accident at Staplehurst. A few verdicts like this in the United States would go a great way toward making railroad companies more careful.

THE Senate has rejected Edmond Murphy, the Assessor of Internal Revenue at New Orleans, for the reason that he had dismissed from his office a clerk because of the latter's efforts in the cause of colored suffrage.

THE snow storm in Canada last Wednesday was the most severe for years. The entire month of March has been unusually stormy all over the northern and eastern States and Provinces.

THE N. Y. *Tribune* intimates that if gold falls to 121, the Secretary of the Treasury will order the interest on the third issue of 7-30s to be paid in gold at 6per cent., which he can do at his option.

THE *Loyal Georgian*, published at Atlanta in the interests of the freedmen, claims to have among that class, regular readers and subscribers to the extent of twenty thousand.

IN the trial of Major Gee, at Raleigh, there is the testimony from several New York soldiers that he ordered a Union soldier to be carried to the grave while yet alive.

THE Hon. George Chambers, an ex-judge of the Supreme Court of this State, died at Chambersburg, on the 25th inst., at a very advanced age.

ICE has been cut at St. Paul, Minnesota, 31 inches thick.

THE prospect for fruit in Wisconsin was never better.

EDUCATIONAL.

CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL.—WM. H. WAKEHAM, (whose health is completely restored,) will resume his professional duties, at the old school room, East Commons, Allegheny, and will receive pupils for the half session, on MONDAY, April 9th, 1866. The attention of parents and guardians is respectfully invited. mh27:1wd

EXCELSIOR INSTITUTE.

AN ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

THIRTEENTH QUARTERLY SESSION will commence MONDAY, April 9th.

For terms, call at INSTITUTE ROOMS, NEVILLE HALL, corner of Liberty and fourth sts., or address, for circular,

Rev. W. S. GRAY, Principal.

☞Office hours, daily, from 10 till 12 A. M. and from 2 till 5 P. M. mh27:1wd

DISSOLUTIONS.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—WILLIAM SMITH and EDWIN MILES retired from our firm January 1st, 1866.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—ANDREW D. SMITH, RICHARD C. LEAN, CHARLES L. CALDWELL and DAVID M. SMITH were admitted as members of our firm, January 1st, 1866.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.

PITTSBURGH, March 26th, 1866. mh27:3td

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The co-partnership heretofore existing under the style of SMITH, PARK & CO., was dissolved by mutual consent, on January 1st, 1866. The affairs of the late firm will be settled by WILLIAM SMITH, who will continue the business.

WILLIAM SMITH,
JAMES PARK, JR.
DAVID L. PARK.

PITTSBURGH, March 26th, 1866. mh27:3td

ELECTION NOTICES.

MANCHESTER SAVINGS BANK,
WEST MANCHESTER, March 1st, 1866.

AN ELECTION FOR PRESIDENT and SIX DIRECTORS of the MANCHESTER SAVINGS BANK will be held at their Banking House, on SATURDAY, the 31st day of March, between the hours of 1 and 6 o'clock.

mh24:td THOS. W. UPDIKE, Cash'r.

POLITICAL.

THE UNION REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, will meet at the OFFICE OF T. M. MARSHALL, Esq., on THURSDAY, April 5th, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Punctual attendance is requested.

W. M. ANDERSON, } Secretaries.
R. W. THOMAS, }

mh23:1aw1wtdF

CONGRESS.—The friends of HON. JOHN P. PENNEY

Will present his name to the Convention of the Union party, for nomination as candidate for Congress in the 23d District. mh21:td

CONGRESS.

GENERAL JAS. S. NEGLEY

IS A CANDIDATE IN THE 22d DISTRICT. mh21:td

FOR SHERIFF,

SAMUEL B. CLULEY,

subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh22:td&wF

FOR SHERIFF,

CHARLES BARNES,

late Colonel Sixth Reg., Pa. Heavy Artillery and Brev. Brig. Gen., U. S. A., subject to the action of the Union Convention. mh22:td&wF

FOR SHERIFF.

JOSEPH ROSS,

of the First Ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate before the people, subject to the decision of the ensuing County Convention. mh20:te

FOR CLERK OF COURTS.

DR. WILLIAM J. GILMORE,

Of Upper St. Clair Township. mh22-d&wteF

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the DELAWARE MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY, of Philadelphia, for the reissue of CERTIFICATE FOR SCRIP DIVIDEND OF 1847, number 9425, said certificate having been lost or mislaid. HENRY FORSYTH,

Administrator of Jno. A. Forsyth, Jr., dec'd.
mh26:4td

CITY SOLICITOR'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, March 8th, 1866.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO all persons interested, that the Report of Appraisers appointed to assess the damages caused by the change of grade of Penn street, with the assessment and plot thereof, has been this day filed in my office. If the assessments are not paid within thirty days from this date, liens will be filed therefor, and the same collected with a like lien for interest, costs and fees, according to law.

J. P. SLAGLE, City Solicitor.
mh26:30d No. 166 Fifth street.

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF DRAYS, HACKS, &c.—Notice is hereby given to owners of Drays, Carts, Carriages, Hacks, &c., within the city of Pittsburgh, that they are required to Pittsburgh, to pay their Licenses at the Treasurer's office of the City of Pittsburgh, on or before the 1st day of April, A. D. 1866, and Ordinance of the Councils of the city of Pittsburgh, passed April 18, 1860, and providing that on and after the 1st day of April, 1866, will be subject to a penalty, to be recovered before the Mayor, double the amount of the License.

The following are the rates of License to be paid at the time Licenses are issued, and no Licenses issued after the time fixed by law:

RATES OF LICENSE.

Each one Horse Vehicle	$ 2
Each Two Horse Vehicle	4
Each Four Horse Vehicle	6
Each Two Horse Hack	4
Each One Horse Hack	2

Commissioner Hacks or Wagons drawn by one horse, $3 each. For each additional horse used in any of the above Vehicles, $2 each.

W. EICHBAUM, City Treasurer.
PITTSBURGH, February 28, 1866. mh27:td

ROOMS AND BOARD.

ROOMS AND BOARD. Unfurnished Rooms can be had, with Board, in a private family, in Allegheny, on the corner of Sandusky and Ohio streets, fronting on the Diamond. Address M. C., at this office. mh26:3t*

FOUND.

FOUND—6 White Strayed Sheep. Enquire at the residence of the subscriber, on the Lowrie farm, adjoining Allegheny cemetery. R. C. LOWRIE.
mh26:3t*

MANILLA PAPERS.

LARGE STOCK OF

MANILLA PAPERS,

Different Sizes and Quality.

FOR SALE CHEAP, BY

MYERS, SCHOYER & CO.,

mh26:2td NO. 56 FIFTH STREET.

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE Repealing the Law prohibiting the Erection of Frame Buildings.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That Section 6, in Chapter 23, page 91, City Ordinances, prohibiting the erection of Wooden Manufactories, Warehouses, Shops, Stores, Carriage Houses or Stables, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 19th day of March, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

JAS. McBRIER,
President of Select Council.

Attest: D. MACFERRAN,
Clerk of Select Council.

J. W. BENNEY,
President Common Council.

Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council.

PYRITES.

THE PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY

WILL BUY

PYRITES,

OR

Sulphuret of Iron

Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Co's Office,

Corner Pitt Street and Duquesne Way

mh16:1f

CAUTION.

TO FURNITURE DEALERS AND UPHOLSTERERS.

CAUTION!

I am informed that a man calling himself T. H. LEWIS, of Cincinnati, formerly clerk with McAlpin, Heaman & Co., of that city, is traveling through the country, representing himself as my agent, and taking orders on my account. Also, that said Lewis is representing himself as having an office at my place of business.

Be it known to all, that he is not now, and never has been, my authorized agent, but the only agent I have, who is authorized to receive orders for me, is Mr. LEO. POLLAK, of Philadelphia.

ADOLPH TUSKA,
214 Canal street, New York.
mh27:2td

SEWING MACHINES.

$25 BARTLETT $25

SEWING MACHINE.

Licensed under patents of Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, and Singer Co.'s, and the only Cheap Machine in the United States, having the right to use the Wheeler & Wilson or four motion Under Feed.

We want Agents to sell them. Will pay $200 to $300 per month, or allow large Commissions. Will send Machines, to be paid for when sold. For Circulars, Terms, &c., call or address, stamp, and address

PAGE BROTHERS, GENERAL AGENTS,
At either of our Offices: Philadelphia, Pa., Toledo, Ohio, or St. Louis, Mo.

Sews with double or single thread. Sews both forwards. mh28:1md1mwF

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL,

R. C. HOWARD

Has removed from Fourth street, to HOWARD'S LIVERY AND SALE STABLE, on FIRST ST., Allen's Saltworks.

HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

mh27:1w HOWARD & SON, Proprietors.

BRICK MACHINES.

BRICK MACHINE.—THE NATIONAL BRICK MACHINE makes, with only two hands, 30,000 perfect bricks per day, and with well defined edges and uniform length. If the machine does not perform what we claim for it we will take it back and refund the money. Address ABRAM REQUA, General Agent, 130 Broadway, New York. mh26:2mend

HORTICULTURAL.

PITTSBURGH NURSERY AND OAKLAND GREENHOUSES.

JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,
Successors to Jno. Murdoch, Jr.,

NURSERY AND FLORISTS, Pittsburgh, Pa. Solicit attention to their extensive stock of fruit and ornamental trees, evergreens, grape vines and greenhouse plants.

Pittsburgh and Oakland Passenger Cars run to the Green minutes.

LEGAL.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas Letters Testamentary upon the Estate of MARY MARTIN, deceased, late of Baldwin, township, Allegheny county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make payment, and those having claims to present them to the undersigned, properly authenticated, for settlement.

mh27:3tW1 JOHN A. MARTIN, Executor.

WANTED.

WANTED—A first-class Milliner. Good reference required. Enquire at 175 Federal street, Allegheny. mh26:3td

WANTED—A Girl to do general housework. Good reference required. Apply at No. 30 Esplanade street, Allegheny. mh23:3td

WANTED—AGENTS Male and FEMALE, to sell HOLLAND'S (Timothy Hay-comb) LIFE OF LINCOLN, "PETROLEUM V. NASBY'S PAPERS," (a book of fun) and HOLLAND'S GREAT WAR'S NEW STEEL ENGRAVING, "HOME FROM ANDERSONVILLE" (a picture that should be in every house.) For terms apply or address, enclosing stamp, EMERY A. HOWES, 359 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. mh15:d1a3w

WANTED—Good Agents to Sell SHERMAN AND HIS CAMPAIGNS, GRANT AND HIS CAMPAIGNS, (the latter just out,) CHILD'S PRAYER, FIRST LESSON, (match pictures,) and THE AMERICAN INVENTORY. These are all new Books and Engravings, and Agents can do better with them than with any other offered to the public. For full particulars, apply or address ASHER ELLIS, 67 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa. mh12:1yd1aw2mTW

WANTED.—$1,500 PER YEAR! We want AGENTS everywhere to sell our IMPROVED TWENTY-DOLLAR SEWING MACHINES, three new kinds, under and upper feed; warranted five years. Above salary or large commission paid. The only Machine sold in United States for less than $20, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Batchelder.* All other cheap Machines are INFRINGEMENTS. Circulars *free.* Address or call upon SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine.

de2:dood&wF

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—FLOUR AND PRODUCE BUSINESS of over ten years standing, in a good location in the city. A fine opportunity is offered to any person wishing to engage in the Produce Business. All communications strictly confidential. Address P. O. 780, Pittsburgh.
mh22:3t

FOR SALE—A three-story Brick DWELLING HOUSE, containing eleven rooms, with Gas and water, situated on Irwin Avenue, Allegheny City, near the Mechanic Street Bridge. Lot 24 feet by 120 feet. Title indisputable. Terms moderate. Possession given immediately. For further particulars, apply to J. S. FERGUSON, No. 164 Fourth street. mh27:2wd

FOR SALE—IOWA LAND—$2,000 ABOUT FOUR HUNDRED AND THIRTY ACRES OF LAND, situated near Webster City, Hamilton county, Iowa, on the line of the Pacific Railroad. Is offered for sale for $2,000 THOUSAND DOLLARS, cash. Address "OWNER," CARE OF THIS OFFICE. mh28:1t

FOR SALE.—OIL WELL INTERESTS. Sixteenth or Eighth Interests in one or two wells boring on one of the best Farms on West Hickory. The wells are now down 900 feet, with good show of oil. Interests will be sold at an early day, at low price. Particulars given by I. F. COATS, Duquesne Way, 1st door below Bond st., up stairs, or 95 H. K. BUFFINGTON, Oil City. mh26:2td&wF

FOR SALE—A Valuable Country Residence at Edgewood station, Pennsylvania Railroad, one and a half miles from Braddock's. Eleven acres 16 perches of Land; a fine new Dwelling House containing ten rooms and cellar underneath. Fruit and other conveniences on the premises. For further information, call at No. 116 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, or on the premises.

J. S. KING.
mh26:3td

FOR SALE—Six Lots in the Borough of Manchester, near the Allegheny Cemetery, on the New Brighton road, with a comfortable two story House with Kitchen attached, a variety of fruit Trees, and a hydrant at the door. Also, a number of other Lots in the 1st, 2d and 8d wards, Allegheny, and two splendid Farms, containing 100 acres each, well improved, and will be sold cheap. Inquire of RAMSEY & HALL, Real Estate Agents, No. 98 Fourth st., Pittsburgh. mh26:3td

FOR SALE—A Valuable Farm in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, containing 200 acres of land, with splendid building, good water well watered with numerous never-failing springs, and a large Orchard of choice fruit. Also, a Farm in Northern Ohio, well adapted to the growing of grain and stock, and will be sold cheap for cash, or exchanged for property in Allegheny City. Any one desirous of obtaining one of the above Farms in Northern Ohio, will do well to attend to the same at once, as the owner is desirous of residing in Allegheny, as his family are now residents of the city. Further information given at any time. For further particulars, inquire at the office of the Farm, corner of Penn and Cecil streets, or address WM. B. HAY, Box 1,011, Allegheny City, Pa. mh26:1w

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Lodging Rooms to GENT AFTER FIRST OF APRIL. To a respectable young man, in a central location, one or two large Lodging Rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Rent moderate. Apply to

R. McLAIN & CO.
mh26:3t* No. 84 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

FOR RENT—A Country Seat, containing seven acres of land, large two-story Brick Dwelling, Barn, Stable, Orchard, Spring and Spring House, all in good order. Apply to

R. McLAIN & CO.
mh26:3t* No. 84 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

FOR RENT—The Lot on the corner of Smithfield and Diamond alley, Allegheny, fronting 20 feet on Smithfield street, and running back 100 feet to Ward, together with the Dwelling House thereon. The lot is 20 feet front by 100 feet deep. Possession given immediately.

WM. M. DARLINGTON, at No. 37 Fifth street. mh24:1t

CLOAKS, &c.

THE LATEST AND NEWEST STYLES OF

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOAKS

NOW ON EXHIBITION AND FOR SALE AT THE

PITTSBURGH CLOAK, MANTILLA AND CLOTH STORE,

No. 78 Market Street.

Among our SPRING STOCK will be found a very large assortment of Ladies' and Misses' CLOTH CLOAKS, of the latest Parisian and New York styles, in Black, Steel and Fancy Colors.

Having had the good fortune to secure the services of a first class Cutter, we feel confident that we can give entire satisfaction to all who favor us with their patronage.

Country Merchants with Cloaks, &c., at Greatly Reduced Prices.

M. J. SPENCE, 78 Market St.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

GEN. GRANT

AND

KNICKERBOCKER,

THE

NEW SPRING STYLES

OF

BOYS' SUITS,

AT

47 St. Clair Street.

GRAY & LOGAN.

mh26

HENRY G. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NORTHWEST CORNER OF PENN & ST. CLAIR STREETS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Desires to return thanks to his friends and the public generally for their liberal patronage, and would respectfully inform them that he has just returned from the Eastern markets with a large and well selected stock of

Fine Woolen Goods,

Peculiarly adapted to GENTLEMEN'S SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR. mh1

HATS, CAPS, &c.

HATS! HATS!! HATS!!

SPRING STYLES.

McCORD & CO.,

131 WOOD STREET,

LADIES' AND MISSES' DERBYS,
GENTS' YOUTHS' AND BOYS' BRIGHTONS, SARATOGAS, DERBYS, DASHERS, REGENTS, ETC., ETC. Also, GENTS' FASHIONABLE HAT AND CASSIMERE HATS.

All the Latest Styles in Great Variety

mh

MEDICAL.

FORTY YEARS PRACTICE.

DR. J. STEPHENS, IN SEXUAL DISEASES Gives me a knowledge seldom acquired by Physicians. My long residence in this city, and the amount of patients treated annually by me, are sufficient proof of my success.

SPERMATORRHŒA, or Sexual Weakness, and all diseases arising therefrom, are cured in a much shorter time than heretofore by my NEW VEGETABLE REMEDIES. Medicines sent to any part of the Union. All letters must contain a stamp to pay return postage. Correspondence held sacred. Office, 85 SMITHFIELD STREET, near Diamond Address, J. W. BRANSTRUP, M. D.
jan19:1y Box 806, Pittsburgh, Pa.

PRIVATE DISEASES.

OFFICE 238½ PENN STREET, near Hand.

For the cure of all diseases of a private nature, in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also, Seminal Weakness, and all other diseases of the genital organs and their prevention Cure warranted or money refunded.

Office hours—7 to 10 A. M., 12½ to 3, and 6 to 8 P. M. Address letters W., 238½ Penn street. mh1M

SARATOGA WATER.

SARATOGA

STAR SPRING WATER.

In proof of the superior quality of this water over all others, the analysis of Prof. CHANDLER, of Union College, is here given:

Chloride of Sodium	378,5052 grains.
Chloride of Potassium	9,2229 "
Bromide of Sodium	565 "
Iodide of Sodium, or Iodine	20,000 "
Sulphate of Potassa	5,400 "
Bicarbonate of Lime	124,1450 "
Bicarbonate of Magnesia	61,9942 "
Bicarbonate of Soda	14,6067 "
Bicarbonate of Iron	1,2441 "
Silica	1,2831 "
Phosphate of Lime, a trace.	
Solid contents in a gallon	615,685 grains.
407,65 cubic inches Carbonic Acid Gas in a gallon	

Sold in Pittsburgh by

SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist,

mh28 Corner Smithfield and Fourth Streets.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

WE OFFER THE LARGEST Stock in the West of everything in the line of Carpets, Oil Cloths, Damask, Reps and Lace Window Curtains, Gold Bordered and Plain Window Shades, Table and Piano Covers, of our own importation, at the Lowest Prices reached since the war. A line of Scotch Ingrain Carpets, of our own importation just received---very handsome---never offered in this country before---and at prices based on the present rate of Gold

McFARLAND & COLLINS,

71 & 73 Fifth Street, 2d floor,

Next building to U. S. Custom House and Postoffice.
mh24

AT McCALLUM'S,

No. 78 Fourth Street,

THE LATEST PATTERNS OF

Velvet, Brussels and Ingrain

CARPETS.

Embroidered and Fine Printed

PIANO COVERS.

Rugs, Canton Mattings, &c.

Imported directly by us at prices low rates of duty. Also, a large assortment of Domestic Goods at retail auction sales at wholesale

REDUCED PRICES.

W. D. & H. McCALLUM.

mh26

BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

J. A. ROBINSON & CO.,

DEALERS IN

BOOTS & SHOES

OF EVERY VARIETY,

From the Heaviest Hob Nail Brogan

TO THE

Most Delicate Infant Slipper,

No. 61 Market Street.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

GREAT REDUCTIONS!

PRICES

AT THE

LOWEST OF THE DAY.

AT

BATES & BELL'S,

21 FIFTH STREET.

mh28

AT EATON'S.

NEW GOODS,

Just Arrived by Express.

LADIES' AND MISSES' KID GLOVES in all colors;
NEW HAIR COILS;
BRAIDED HAIR COILS;
FRENCH TWIST HAIR COILS;
HALF CURL NETS;
ALL CURL WATERFALL NETS;
NEW STYLE SACQUE ORNAMETS;
NEW STYLE FANCY DRESS BUTTONS;
BLACK SPOTTED NET, FOR VEILS;
LACE COLLARS IN GREAT VARIETY;
BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELL

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY MARCH 28, 1866.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE AGENTS.

R. M. ALLEN, New Castle, Pa.
Mr. RILEY, Penna. Railroad.
Mr. RILEY, Pittsb'g, Columbus & Cincinnati R. R.
E. GLENDENNINGS, Steubenville, Ohio.
F. P. ST. CLAIR, Wellsburgh, West. Va.
THOS. RATTIGAN, Oil City, Pa.
JOHN LINKENBRINK, Rochester, Pa.
IMBRIE & BRO., Wellsville, Ohio.
GEORGE CLARK, Smith's Ferry, Pa.
W. SNYDER, Allegheny Valley Railroad.
W. WARD, Monongahela House, Pittsburgh.
B. BRACHNEY, Washington, Pa.
ISAAC TRESCOTT, Salem, Ohio.
T. C. ALLEN, Columbiana, Ohio.
D. G. HESTER, Alliance, Ohio.
H. HAINEMAN, Butler, Pa.
R. J. FISHER, Mercer, Pa.
JOHN ARTERS, Greensburg, Pa.
POSTMASTER, East Palestine, Ohio.
J. SHOOP, Freeport, Pa.
JAS. T. SAMPLE, Allegheny City.
H. M. ALLEN, Sharon, Pa.
H. M. WILLIAMS, Sewickley, Pa.
SHOWERS & SIMONTON, Brownsville, Pa.
J. H. EVANS, McKeesport, Pa.
C. LOOMIS, P. F. W. & C. Railroad.
C. LOOMIS, Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad.
THOS. LINNEGAN, Latrobe, Pa.
J. FETTINGER, Aliquoa, Pa.
THOS. TASTE, Johnstown, Pa.
H. RAMSEY, Sharpsburg, Pa.
A. M. TOWNSEND, New Brighton, Pa.
W. REED, Connellsville, Pa.
RUNT. SHIPMAN, Woods Run, Pa.
CHAS. SOWYER, Blairsville, Pa.
JNO. ATKINSON, Irwin Station, Pa.
MRS. SARAH HARE, Farentum, Pa.
S. GASTON, Sewickley, Pa.
SOLOMON FRY, California, Pa.
P. HUTCHISON, Kittanning, Pa.
W. G. BIGHAM, Mansfield, Pa.
HENRY HOLE, Indiana, Pa.
A. W. YOUNG, Port Perry, Pa.
J. C. STENARD, Verner Station, Pa.
A. M. CRAWFORD, Darlington, Pa.
Capt. JOHN HAY, Haysville, Pa.
D. W. SMITH, Larimer Station, Pa.
R. W. BARNISHEL, Baggage Master, Pa. R. R.
MRS. REYNOLDS, Lawrenceville, Pa.
H. MCALLS, Bag. Mast. Wellsville Accom'n.
JNO. T. WILSON, Turtence Station, Pa.
J. E. STICKLER, Jacob's Creek, Pa.
J. M. REED, Lockport, Pa.
B. RAMAGE, Enon Valley, Pa.
S. MITCHELL, White Ash, Pa.

The Late Meeting to Sustain the President.

MESSRS. EDITORS: The subjoined remarks, in view of the call to sustain the acting President, were prepared, such as they are, to be read at the meeting on Tuesday evening, but the unfavorableness of the weather and poverty in point of numbers of the assemblage seemed to render it unnecessary. It is now given over to your columns by a subscriber to the GAZETTE for over sixty years, for the purpose, in some sort, of placing the claims of this man Andrew Johnson in their true color before the loyal masses of this loyal county.

Mr. Chairman, &c.: I was not aware until noon to-day that a call for a meeting to sustain Andrew Johnson had been issued for this (Tuesday) evening; a call upon the loyal citizens of this county to sustain the acting National President of the United States—notwithstanding the grave obstacles which his fortuitous power have interposed to defeat the glorious results of the victories achieved by the endurance, courage and blood of the noblest armies of freemen the world has ever witnessed—notwithstanding his ungrateful denial of Executive sanction to the authority of Congress to provide suitable measures for the protection of Southern Unionists, and the war-worn immunities gathered in part by the stalwart arms of emancipated and long down-trodden race—*notwithstanding* his disgraceful speech, the outpourings of a debauched and depraved intellect, on the 22d of February, prostituting the time-honored birthday of the Father of our Country by the exhibition of the depths to which a man, in the most elevated position may sink under the influence of brutal indulgence—*notwithstanding* his proclamation of vengeance against some of the most enlightened and patriotic men of the present Congress, to whose great ability and legislative services we, here in Allegheny county, look with hopeful confidence, for the welfare of our laboring population and artizans, in the efficient protection by law of those great interests upon which the future and present wealth of this county and city mainly depend; and lastly, *notwithstanding* the well-known and long exercised policy of Andrew Johnson, when in Congress, to defend every measure for the protection of Northern industry, to which may be superadded his more recent demonstrations of hostility to the proposed further protection of manufactures, or finally in the object of this meeting to sanction the arrogant enunciations of the members of Congress, Voorhees, of Indiana, but the other day said that President Johnson had struck a manly and honest blow at the protection afforded by the tariff to Northern industry.

Are such among the objects for which a meeting has been called to sustain Andrew Johnson, and sacrifice with our local interests the great and glorious future of the Nation. Can it be possible that we have lost our manhood since the close of the bloody and barbarous war from which we have but as a day emerged the most powerful nation on the earth—a war in which not a few amongst ourselves have lost dear and dearest friends! Shall we cower at this easy day under the frown of the mere accidental power of one man daring to dictate the measure and fruit of our conquered overthrow! Sustain Andrew Johnson, that fortuitous Executive whose pardoning parchments, scattered broadcast to the most conspicuous instigators and active participants in arms of the late rebellion, would deliver the sores of the South, who even at this day swarm around and pre-occupy the approaches to the presence of the acting President, to the exclusion of patriots and sires whose business requires an admittance to the Executive Mansion. Such is the fact, and every hour you may witness the threshold of the White House packed with returned rebels red with the blood of our children, accompanied and introduced by copperheads of the most poisonous type, and taken cordially by the hand to the exclusion of the loyal men who elevated Andrew Johnson to power. With this array before us we are invited to sustain Andrew Johnson—sustain him in refusing his signature for the protection of the life and property of the poor colored men who shoulder to shoulder fought for us throughout the whole war and were true and faithful to the United States; or shall we say it, to gratify the copperheads amongst ourselves, and thus encourage their aspirations for the ascendancy of power at the coming elections and then by our own unwise and impolitic act give them in some degree the privilege if not the means of success. Strengthen Andrew Johnson in his usurpation over Congress, and you introduce, instead, if not death, into the loyal hearts of Allegheny county.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

AYER'S PILLS—Are you sick, feeble and complaining? Are you out of order with your system deranged and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some functional derangement is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take AYER'S PILLS, and cleanse out the foul disorders, purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and deranges its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering and derangement. While in this condition, take AYER'S PILLS, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint is also true in many of the deep seated and serious disturbances. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangement of the natural functions of the body, they are equally sure, and many of them surely cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure, such as Headache, Foul Stomach, Dysentery, Biliousness, Indigestion, Derangement of the Liver, Costiveness, Piles, Flatulency, Heartburn, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Worms and Suppression, when taken in large doses.

They are Sugar Coated, so that the most sensitive can take them easily, and they are surely the best purgative medicine yet discovered.

AYER'S AGUE CURE,

For the speedy cure of *Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, Remittent Fever, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical Headache or Bilious Headache, and Bilious Fevers, induced by Malaria, and other disorders originating in biliary derangement, caused by the Malarious of miasmatic countries.*

This remedy has been found to cure the severest cases of Chills and Fever, and it has this great advantage over other Ague medicines, that it subdues the complaint without disturbing the system. It contains no quinine or other deleterious substance, nor does it produce headache or any unpleasant effect whatever. Shaking brothers or sisters, in the land the west, try it and you will endorse these assertions.

Prepared by J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., and sold by R. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., and by all Druggists. mh16-2mo&wf

RETROUVEY'S TURKISH
SANDOLENIAN HAIR TONIC.
THE DRESSING AND RESTORER OF THE AGE
TURKISH RESTORATIVE.

RETROUVEY'S TURKISH SANDOLENIAN. What can be more acceptable than anything that will beautify? This will restore gray hair, stopping the falling hair from falling out, restoring its natural color, making it to grow in luxuriance and beauty, assist in putting it up by arranging the dressing in style and fashion, and keep it in place? This *Retrouvey's Turkish Sandolenian Hair Tonic* will do, and its proof we refer you to those who have tried it. It is acknowledged to be the beautifier of the age, the only Hair Tonic and Restorer worthy of the name. In Turkey, in France, in England, and in every civilized country where the "Sandolenian" is known it is pronounced the *ne plus ultra* of Hair Preparations. Remember, it is free from all metallic poisons that are contained in most Hair Colors and dressings. It is the extract of many fine herbs, beautifully put up, an ornament to the toilet.

For sale by all Druggists and Perfumers, wholesale, by R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
R. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
Principal Depot for United States and Canadas,
JAYNE'S PAVILION,
No. 428 Market street,
dec6-3meod&wt Philadelphia.

PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS,
HUBBARD, BRO. & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT GROUND CIRCULARS,

Warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description. Mill, Muley, Gang, Cut, Gang, and all other varieties.

All kinds of KNIVES and SPRINGS, made from best Cast Steel. Extra Belted REAPER AND MOWING KNIVES, &c.

Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and SMITHFIELD STREETS, Pittsburgh.

Particular attention paid to re-toothing, gumming and straightening Circular Saws; also, to repair of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. apl6

LAKE SUPERIOR
COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS
CUTTERSBURG.
PARK, McCURDY & CO.

Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOAT COPPER, COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPELTER SOLDER &c. Also, importers and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Continuing to hand, TINNERS' MACHINES, CUTTERS, &c., at No. 140 FIRST and 139 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. mh26-3mdeod&wf

WM. BARNHILL & CO.
Boiler Makers & Sheet Iron Workers,
Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn street.

Having secured a large yard, and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS, in the best manner, and on reasonable terms. Any part of the country. CHIMNEYS, BREECHING, FIRE BOXES, STEAM PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, TANK OF EVERY SIZE, OIL PANS, TANKS, OIL STILLS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, BOILER IRON, BRIDGES, SUGAR PANS, and all manufactures in SHEET IRON. SHEET BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice. dec19

ROBINSON, REA & CO., (Successors to ROBINSON, MUSE & SHIELDS,
WASHINGTON WORKS.
Founders & Machinists, Pittsburgh.

Manufacturers of BOAT AND STATIONERY STEAM ENGINES, CASTINGS, MILL AND MACHINERY, GEARING, SHAFTING, CASTINGS of all descriptions, OIL TANKS and STILLS, BOILER AND SHEET IRON WORK.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR, or feeding boilers.

TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS,
OF BOTH SEXES.—A reverend gentleman, having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing the most routine and fruitless mode of treatment without success, considers it his sacred duty to contribute to the afflicted, by the creatures the means of cure. Hedge, on the receipt of an addressed envelope, he will send, *free*, a copy of the prescription used.

Direct to Dr. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186 Fulton street, N. Y. mh16-d&wlm

JOHN COCHRAN & BRO.,
Manufacturers of IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, IRON SHUTTERS AND SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., No. 41 SECOND and 80 THIRD STREET, between Wood and Market, has on hand a variety of new patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.

Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice.

THE BRIDAL CHAMBER;
AN ESSAY OF WARNING AND INSTRUCTION FOR YOUNG MEN. Also, new and reliable treatment for the Loss of Manhood, &c. Address Dr. J. SKILLEN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. apl5

SENT FREE.—A Pamphlet of immense importance to the old and young, married and single, of both sexes, will be sent free by addressing, with stamp enclosed, the Agents, A. KENDRICK & CO., Box 75, Boston Post Office. my3-lyd&w

GOVERNMENT SALES.

GOVERNMENT SALE.

Queensware, Cutlery, Hardware, Tinware, Stoves, Ranges, Blankets, &c.

Will be sold at Auction, at the Medical Purveyor's Warehouse, Public Square, Nashville, Tenn., on TUESDAY MORNING, March 27th at 9 o'clock, a large stock of the largest and best articles, in original Packages, consisting in part of

30,000 Plates,	200 Clocks,
2,500 Dishes,	800 Rifles,
1,000 Pitchers,	100 Counter Scales,
2,000 Lanterns,	2,000 Blankets,
2,000 Chamber,	1,000 Leather Buckets,
500 Spittoons,	500 Wash Tubs,
4,000 Spittoons,	500 Sauce Pans,
10,000 Knives and Forks,	1,000 Hatchets,
1,250 Carvers, &c.,	3,000 Wash-Boards,
3,000 Spoons,	2,000 Scrub Brushes,
800 Looking-Glasses,	

Tea Pots, Tumblers, Bowls, Mugs, Cups, Bath Tubs, Wood Saws, Cleavers, Candlesticks, Corkscrews, Mops, Brooms, Ice Chests, Wash Boilers, Stoves, Ranges, Cauldrons, and miscellaneous furnishing articles. ROBERT FEETCHEE,
Surgeon and Bvt. Colonel U. S. Vols.,
mh15-8d Medical Purveyor U. S. A.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY,
AT
MACON, GA.

By direction of the Secretary of War, will the

Building Materials, Steam Engines, Machinery, Tools, Iron, Copper, Lumber, & Stores of Various Kinds,

Which were collected at Macon, Ga., by the Confederate Government, for the erection and perfect operation of a large Armory, Laboratory, and Arsenal; and also,

Tools, Machinery and Materials,

Collected from Iron Works and Armories in the States of Alabama and Georgia, will be sold at

Public Auction.

Among the articles to be sold, are

9,000 lbs. COPPER—pigs;	
6,000 lbs. COPPER—round rods;	
30,000 lbs. COPPER—bolts;	
20,000 lbs. COPPER—sheet;	
200,000 lbs. WROUGHT IRON—bar and rod;	
500 tons PIG IRON;	
750 tons CAST IRON—unserviceable shells;	
50,000 lbs. LEAD—pigs;	
4,000 lbs. TIN—block and sheet;	
4,000 lbs. CHAIN—crane and cable;	
15,000 yards CLOTH—Cotton, English Serge, Officers' and Enlisted;	
32,000 lbs. POWDER;	
5,000 feet BELTING—gum and leather, assorted widths;	
200 MACHINES—Drills, Planers, Milling, Screw-cutting, Steam and Trip Hammer.	

ALSO

Harness, Saddles, Horse Equipments, Infantry and Cavalry Accoutrements, Buckets, Wagon and Gun Carriage Irons, 450 unserviceable Cannon—iron and bronze, 80 broken Gun Carriages, Laboratory Stores and Materials, Spare Parts (new) for Springfield Muskets and Colt's Revolvers, and an assortment of

Paints and Oils.

The attention of Northern buyers is called to this sale, which is a large one, and of valuable property.

Full printed Catalogues of the property to be sold, can be obtained from the Chief of Ordnance at Washington, D. C., and from the Commanding Officer of the Augusta Arsenal, Georgia.

The sale will commence on

Wednesday, April 4th, 1866,

and continue every day until all the property is sold.

TERMS—CASH, U. S. CURRENCY.

D. W. FLAGLER,
Capt. Ord. Brev. Lt. Col.,
Com. Augusta Arsenal.

mh8-tlmh30

INSURANCE AGENTS.

J. GARDINER COFFIN, Agent for the Franklin, Philadelphia and Baltimore Insurance Companies, North-east corner WOOD and Third streets

W. L. JONES, Agent for the North America, State of Pennsylvania, and Hartford Insurance Companies, 9 WATER STREET

WM. A. SHEPARD, Secretary of the Citizens' Insurance Company, corner of MARKET and WATER STREETS.

OLD COPPER AND BEESWAX.
8 boxes Copper;
1 cask and 1 box Beeswax,
Now landing from steamer Nora for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.
ah22

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.
FRIDAY, MARCH 30TH,
Benefit of Miss Annie Eberle.
The new sensation play, in four acts, of
SEVEN ESCAPES
OF
ADELAIDE OF DESDEN; OR, THE BRIDE'S JOURNEY.
The celebr ted Ethiopean Comedian, JOHNNY HART, will appear also, Mr. JOHN SCULLEN.
The Burlesque of
POCAHONTAS.
With the Celebrated FEMALE MINSTRELS.
Box Sheet now open. mh28-2td

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON.
Second night of the engagement of the popular actress,
ETTIE HENDERSON,
Who will appear in two characters, introducing songs and dances.
THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, will be presented the Irish Prize Drama, entitled
KATHLEEN MAVOURNEEN.
Kathleen Mavourneen.....Ettie Henderson.
Overture.....Orchestra.
To conclude with
LOLA MONTEZ.
Lola Monter, with songs and dances
Thursday.....Ettie Henderson.
Thursday, Benefit of HARRY HOTTO.
MATINEE SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at two o'clock, UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

OPERA HOUSE.
LESSEE AND MANAGER.....ANNIE EBERLE.
BENEFIT OF
J. O. SEFTON.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 28th, will be presented the Historical Drama, entitled
JOAN OF ARC.
CLOG DANCE.....JOHNNY SCULLEN.
DOUBLE CLOG DANCE BY THE "IRON CITY BOYS." TOM AND FRANK.
Favorite song.....Miss Fanny Pierson.
Favorite Dance.....Louisa Sylvester.
To conclude with the great Drama,
Sixteen String Jack.
Friday Evening, Benefit of ANNIE EBERLE.

MASONIC HALL.
BLIND TOM,
THE WONDERFUL
BLIND BOY PIANIST.
Will give a Series of his
REMARKABLE CONCERTS,
COMMENCING
Monday Evening, April 2, 1866.
Admission.....50 cents.
Reserved Seats.....75 cents.
To be had at the Hall daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

N. B.—The STEINWAY CONCERT GRAND PIANO used on this occasion is kindly furnished by B. ELEBER & BRO., No. 127 Wood street.
mh26-3td S. C. T. THAYER, Agent.

THE ORATORIO SOCIETY
WILL PERFORM
MENDELSOHN'S
MAGNIFICENT SYMPHONY AND CANTATA
HYMN OF PRAISE,
On Tuesday Evening, April 3d,
AT CITY HALL.
mh27-td

NEW CLASSES ARE FORMING
AT
PROF. COWPER'S
Fashionable Dancing Academy.
WILKINS HALL, Fourth street. Days of Tuition, TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY. Private lessons given when desired. Three G. P. W. Quadrilles, Masters and Misses. Three G. P. W. Quadrilles, Gents' class, eight o'clock this evening. Wilkins Hall to rent when not engaged for classes. Apply to PROF. COWPER, at the Hall. mh27-1t

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT,
WILKINS HALL.
Its large enough, and not too large by twice—is central in location, and moderate in price.
WILKINS HALL, Fourth street, near Smithfield, is best adapted for Concerts, Lectures, Balls, &c., and Societies and Clubs. And the time for its use is waxed, and is the best and cleanest dancing floor in the city. Terms reasonable. Apply to
PROF. COWPER, at the Hall.

PLUMBING, &c.

WOOD PUMPS;
ALL KINDS OF
IRON PUMPS,
HYDRANTS,
Sheet Lead, Sheet Zinc,
LEAD PIPE,
BATH TUBS SINKS, WATER CLOSETS
WASH BASINS, WASH STANDS,
Hydraulic Rams.

Brass Work of all kinds, Block Tin Pipe, Globe Fountains, all kinds of Gum and Leather Hose, Hose Pipes, Garden Gas Pipe and Fixtures, of all descriptions kept constantly on hand at

Addy, Williams & Bartley's
CORNER SIXTH AND SMITHFIELD STS.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ALSO
BEAVER STREET, MANCHESTER
NEXT TO POST OFFICE.

N. B.—All kinds of repairing done promptly. All orders by mail immediately attended to. Jal7-mdeod&w

STEAM FITTING,
Plumbing and Gas Fitting.
FORCE PUMPS, FOR ENGINEERS.
IRON PIPE & BRASS WORK,
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
EWENS & CO.,
Successor to Addy & Ewens,)
165 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
T. T. EWENS.....WM. LONGDON.

PLUMBING, GAS AND
STEAM FITTING,
HYDRANTS. IRON PUMPS.
SHEET LEAD,
SHEET ZINC,
LEAD PIPES,
SINKS, BABINS,
WATER CLOSETS AND WASHSTANDS.
EWENS & CO.,
(Successors to Addy & Ewens,)
Ja31-17eod No. 165 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa.
T. T. EWENS.....WM. LONGDON

GAS FITTING,
PLUMBING AND STEAM FITTING.
SMOKE BELLS,
Portable and Cigar Lighters,
EWENS & CO.,
(Successors to Addy & Ewens,)
Ja31-17eod No. 165 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa'

PLUMBING, GAS AND STEAM FITTING, IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
Carefully attended to by experienced and practical workmen. A fine assortment of
GAS FIXTURES, SINKS, BATH TUBS.
SHOWER BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, HYDRANTS,
Constantly on hand and made to order.
TATE & SEVILLE,
No. 39 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny,
And 227 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh.
mh31-2awdly

MANUFACTURERS.

INDUSTRIAL WORKS.
HUGH M. BOLE.....HUNTER GEE.
HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,
FOUNDERS, ENGINE BUILDERS AND MACHINISTS. Manufacturers of Land and Marine ENGINES, LOCOMOTIVES for Coal Works, OIL WELL ENGINES, and every kind of Machinery, made to order. All work warranted. CASTINGS of every description made to order. Repairing Machinery promptly attended to.
Shop, CHERRY ALLEY, FIRST ALLEY AND BANK OF ALLEGHENY RIVER, near the Point, Pittsburgh, Pa. fe22-6md3d

ARSENAL GLASS WORKS.
MODES, RYRIE & CO.,
Manufacturers of BLACK and GREEN GLASS WARE, Druggists' Ware, Bottles, Demijohns, Cat-boys, &c. Warehouse No. 140 WATER STREET, between Smithfield and Grant streets, Pittsburgh, Penna.
We warrant our Wares to be superior to any manufactured in the Mountain. Always on hand, Glassware of the above description. All orders promptly attended to. Particular attention paid to private moulds. ja1-lyd

S. SEVERANCE, No. 58 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh, manufacturer of BOILER RIVETS, WROUGHT SPIKES, common and tailroad of every description.
Particular attention to shaped Spikes and Rivets, large or small, made to order at short notice. A good assortment constantly on hand.
THOS. F. COLLINS.....OBER WRIGHT
COLLINS & WRIGHT, Britfannia
Brass and Sheet Metal Workers, Brittania Castings, Carton and Lard Oil Burners, and all different styles of Brittania used by Glass Manufactory Orders promptly filled. No. 198 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh, Penna. oct-lyd

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE,
AND
CANE AND WOOD CHAIRS,
Manufactured and for sale,
Wholesale or Retail.
JAMES W. WOODWELL,
NOS. 97 & 99 THIRD STREET,
Opposite E. Edmundson & Co.'s, and
NO. 111 FOURTH STREET.
JOSEPH MEYER.....ANTHONY MEYER.
JOSEPH MEYER & SON, Manufacturers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in FURNITURE AND CHAIRS, No. 434 PENN ST., above the Canal, have on hands a large assortment of FANCY AND PLAIN FURNITURE, of Walnut and Mahogany, of their own manufacture, and warranted equal in quality and style to any manufactured in the city, and will sell at reasonable prices.

VARIETIES AND TOYS.
BUY YOUR NOTIONS,
Toys, Baskets,
VARIETIES, &c., AT
J. G. LAUER'S
Variety and Store, No. 101 Market street.
fe10

AUCTION SALES.

BUILDING AT AUCTION.—Sale on TUESDAY, April 3d, at 2 o'clock.—The two-story Brick Building on East street, between Second and Third streets, Third Ward, Allegheny, known as Jones' Grocery, will be peremptorily sold for cash, on the premises, on Tuesday, April 3d, at 2 o'clock. The building contains a spacious Store Room, six dwelling apartments, two garrets and two cellars, with gas throughout. There is a cistern and hydrant in front and rear. The yearly ground Rent is $48; the lease runs ten years from April 1st. The Lot is 20 by 110. Possession on the 1st of April.
mh27 A. LEGGATE, Auct.

FINE FURNITURE, PIANO, BUGGY, SLEIGH, &c., AT AUCTION.—On WEDNESDAY MORNING, March 28th, at 10 o'clock, at No. 252 Penn street, corner of Hancock street, will be sold one Rosewood Piano and Stool, mahogany spring seat parlor chairs, rocker and sofa, whatnot, book-case, fancy centre and card tables, three pair fine curtains, Venetian blinds, bureaus, mirrors, mahogany and walnut marble top dressing bureaus and enclosed wash stands, walnut wardrobe, stands, mahogany and walnut high post bedsteads, with spring and husk mattresses, extension table, kitchen furniture, Franklin and egg stoves, ironware, glassware, refrigerator, carpets, oil cloths, matting, ingrain carpets, druggets, &c. Also, one good Top Buggy and one Sleigh.
mh26 JAMES McCLELLAND, Auct.

SALE OF SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT No. 157 ROBINSON STREET, ALLEGHENY.—The following superior Household Furniture will be peremptorily sold at auction on THURSDAY, March 29th, at 10 o'clock, at the residence, No. 157 Robinson street, a few doors east of Federal street, two hair seat divans, two seat chairs, two rocking chairs, two fine lounges, three marble top and plain dressing bureaus, three enclosed wash stands, marble top side board, marble top centre table, extension table, bed chamber, dining room and stair carpets, hair seat rocking and arm chairs, breakfast and kitchen tables, cane seat chairs, feather beds, bolsters and husk mattresses, fire irons, cane seat and dining chairs, mahogany desk, child's buggy, crib, bedstead, dining table, kitchen furniture, &c. Open for inspection early on the morning of sale.
N. B.—A. Leggate's personal attention is given to sale of Household Furniture in Pittsburgh, Allegheny and throughout the county.
A. LEGGATE, Auct.

RICH HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE & CARPETS AT AUCTION.—Sale at No. 7 South Common, on WEDNESDAY, March 28th, at 10 o'clock, the superior household furniture contained in the three-story dwelling house No. 7 South Common, three doors from West Common, Allegheny, will be peremptorily sold by auction on WEDNESDAY, March 28th, at 10 o'clock. There are double parlor velvet, Brussels and worsted carpets and rugs, marble top dressing bureaus, rich and mahogany dressing bureaus, very rich solid mahogany wardrobes, marble top wash stands and work stands, marble top centre tables, mahogany sofa, hat rack with mirror, hair seat rocking chairs, lounge, Venetian blinds, pier table, mirror, oil cloth, Egyptian mattings, feather beds, bolsters, bedroom chairs, &c., &c., &c. May be examined early on the morning of sale.
N. B.—Personal attention given to sales of household furniture at private residences in Pittsburgh, Allegheny City, and the county.
A. LEGGATE, Auct.

SUPERIOR FURNITURE, CARPETS, MIRRORS, &c., AT AUCTION.—On THURSDAY MORNING, March 29th, at 10 o'clock will be sold at No. 121 Centre avenue, above Overhill street, a quantity of well kept furniture, carpets, Mirrors, Paintings and Engravings, an Engraving complete set parlor furniture, carved solid mahogany spring seat parlor chairs, rocker and easy chairs, two tete-a-tetes and sofa en suite, large mahogany marble top centre table, walnut tricle table, walnut book case and secretary, elegant walnut and other low large silt frame, French plate mirrors, paintings and engravings, walnut chairs, extra walnut dining table, bedsteads, bedstead and mattresses, solid mahogany chamber set, fine bedstead, wardrobe, marble top dressing bureau, enclosed wash stand, cane seat chairs, cane seat and camp chairs, extension table, Venetian blinds, eight day clock, queensware, glassware, kitchen furniture, &c. Also, feather, chamber and hall brussels, ingrain and ingrain carpets, superior quality and in good condition.
mh26 A. LEGGATE, Auct.

ST. CHARLES FURNITURE, CARPETS, BEDDING, &c., AT AUCTION, commencing on WEDNESDAY MORNING, March 28th, at 10 o'clock and at 2 P. M., and continuing every day at same hours, will be sold, without reserve, the entire furnishings of the St. Charles Hotel, corner of Third and Wood streets, embracing full suits of Parlor, Dressing Room, Reception and Chamber Furniture, Brussels, Wilton, Velvet and Tapestry Imitation Woods. Elegant bedsteads, wash stands, wardrobes, dressing cases, marble tables, chairs, sofa and easy settees of every description, mirrors, venetia n blinds, shades, &c., carpets of every quality, from ingrain to the richest quality of velvet and Brussels, oil cloths, mattings, druggets, &c. Bedding embraces feather, cotton, hair, husk and moss beds and mattresses, spring mattresses, bolsters and pillows, blankets, quilts, counterpanes, sheets, spreads, &c. Kitchen furniture, &c. Glassware will be included in the sale and announced through the day. Also, one Chinese Gong, one Piano, and also, the Washing Machine in laundry which cost $90. Terms cash. T. A. McCLELAND, Auct.
mh26

LARGE PEREMPTORY SALE
OF
1800 ENTIRE PACKAGES
OF
DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN DRY GOODS,
IN PHILADELPHIA.
JOHN B. MYERS & CO., (Auctioneers, Philadelphia, will sell on
Wednesday, April 4, 1866,
1,600 PACKAGES DOMESTIC GOODS, for cash
200 CASES FOREIGN GOODS, on a credit of four months, exclusively in whole package.
The attention of Jobbers and Retailers is solicited, as every package offered will be positively sold, and the sale will embrace a large and varied assortment of the best Philadelphia and Eastern Manufactures.
mh26

AUCTION SALE OF HOSPITAL STORES, WHISKEY, WINES, &c.
MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 21, 1866.
Will be sold at Public Auction, in this city at the Judiciary Square Warehouse, back of the City Hall, on WEDNESDAY, the fifth day of April, 1866, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following articles of Hospital Stores and Liquors, no longer required for the use of the Medical department of the Army, viz:

Arrow Root	10,000 lbs.	Dessicated Po-	
Barley	10,000 "	tatoes	100 lbs
Corn Starch	10,000 "	Mixed Pickles	20 gals
Cream Cheese	1,000 "	Whisky, quart	
Desiccated Vegetables	20,000 "	bottles	30,000
Farina	20,000 "	Whisky, in bulk	
Tapioca	10,000 "	gallons	3,000
Fat, of Beef	4,000 "	Sherry Wine,	
Concen'd Milk	20,000 "	quart bottles	6,000
Ginger	1,200 "	Sherry Wine, in	
Fat, of Coffee	1,750 gal.	bulk	6 gals
Beans	60 bu.	Tarra na Wine,	
Pea Beans	2,000 "	quart bottles	6,000

The above articles will be sold in lots to suit both large and small purchasers.
Terms—Cash.
Three days will be allowed to parties in removing their property.
Catalogues ready by the 5th proximo.
CHAS. SUTHERLAND,
Surgeon and Purveyor, U. S. A.
C. W. BUTLER, Auctioneer. mh26-14apl

JAMES S. EARLE & SONS'
FIFTH GREAT SALE
OF
VALUABLE FOREIGN & AMERICAN
OIL PAINTINGS.
The entire Importation of JAMES S. EARLE & SONS, selected in the studios of the best European Artists, by Mr. JAMES S. EARLE, in the fall of 1865, will be sold at Auction in the Eastern Gallories of Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts, Philadelphia, on TUESDAY, March 27th and WEDNESDAY, March 28th.
Paintings on Free Exhibition on and after MONDAY, March 19th.
Catalogues now ready and sent by mail on application.
mh16-eod3d E. SCOTT, Jr., Auctioneer.

ARSENAL GLASS WORKS.
MODES, RYRIE & CO.,
Manufacturers of BLACK and GREEN GLASS-WARE, Druggists' Ware, Bottles, Demijohns, Cat-boys, &c. Warehouse No. 140 WATER STREET, between Smithfield and Grant streets, Pittsburgh, Penna.
We warrant our Wares to be superior to any manufactured in the Mountain. Always on hand, Glassware of the above description. All orders promptly attended to. Particular attention paid to private moulds.

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Particular attention to shaped Spikes and Rivets, large or small, made to order at short notice. A good assortment constantly on hand.
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Toys, Baskets,
VARIETIES, &c., AT
J. G. LAUER'S
Variety and Store, No. 101 Market street.
fe10

FOR SALE—FOR RENT.

FOR SALE.—A FARM of 11 acres and thirty-six perches, situate in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., between Second and Third streets. Third Ward, Allegheny, known as Jones' Grocery, will be peremptorily sold for cash, on the premises, on Tuesday, April 3d, at 2 o'clock. The building contains a spacious Store Room, six dwelling apartments, two garrets and two cellars, with gas throughout. There is a cistern and hydrant in front and rear. The yearly ground Rent is $48; the lease runs ten years from April 1st. The Lot is 20 by 110. Possession on the 1st of April.
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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1866.

ROBINSON, McCLEAN & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
No. 75 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh,

Dealers in all kinds of Government Securities, Gold and Silver, Uncurrent Bank Notes, Foreign and Domestic Exchange, etc., etc., etc.

Deposits received in Par Funds and Currency. Interest allowed on time deposits. Collections made in all parts of the United States on most favorable terms.

Orders executed with dispatch for everything in the business at the Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh Brokers' Boards strictly on commission.

Draw on H. CLEWS & CO., New York; J. COOKE & CO., Philadelphia; Messrs. C. D. & T. H. PERKINS, Boston.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

TUESDAY, March 27, 1866.

Gold appears to have touched bottom, temporarily, being quoted at 138, against 125½ yesterday, and 124@125 on Saturday. Government bonds firm but without essential change. New York quotations to-day as follows: 1881s 104½@108, 1065s, 104@105; 7-30s, 107 to 108; 6 per cent certificates, 99½. The feeling of insecurity, in connection with business enterprises, upon a declining market, has to a certain extent a tendency to divert capital into this class of investments as affording high interest in connection with the best security; and to this the upward tendency in national securities appears to be partially due. At the same time the growth of confidence in the credit of the Government naturally aids the upward movement in prices. An idea prevails in some quarters that an attempt will be made by the Treasury to fund the short obligation into a five per cent bond and this naturally strengthens the price of five-twenties, and consequently of seven-thirties, which have the privilege of conversion into five-twenties. As usual, the approach of the payment of the coupons upon the five-twenty bonds has the effect of strengthening the price, holders being less willing to part with the bonds, when, in a few weeks, they will receive three per cent in gold upon them.

Bank shares are steady with a fair demand, but without material change. Sales of Bank of Commerce reported at 116@116, Exchange offered at 60; Peoples held at 110; M. M., at 62. We hear of 12 being offered for Fourth National; 124@125 for Third National, and German National is held at 104@85. Oil shares very dull. Columbus offered at 19, and Glassgow at 10. Dalzell is wanted at 15—it is said that there are several orders to buy at this figure.

—Sale of Stocks and Bonds, on Tuesday evening, February 27th, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, 108 Smithfield street, by A. McIlwaine, auctioneer:

Bank of Pittsburgh	68 50
Pittsburgh Gas Co.	76 00

—Of the three hundred millions of dollars in the currency of the National Banks, authorized by Congress, all but sixty-five millions has already been issued, and some of the advocates of paper expansion are, with some show of reason, urging the expediency of having the limit increased to four hundred millions, for the accommodation of distant parts of the country—the Southern States, more particularly, if the proposed contraction of the legal tenders should take place—but it is difficult to see how an early return to specie payments can be secured if the authorities should permit expansion to keep even pace with contraction. It is to be hoped, therefore, that they will not authorize any more currency to be issued.

—The Chicago *Commercial Express* says:

"A large decline has taken place in most descriptions of merchandise in thirty days, more particularly in dry goods. The cause is threefold. The diminished gold premium, with an increasing confidence among the masses that McCulloch will yet succeed in bringing public finances to a specie basis in spite of the opposition of bankers and brokers. The impossibility of the people buying at high prices long after they are compelled to sell at low prices or not at all. The anxiety of merchants to dispose of goods before they decline further, and the reluctance of the people to take them for the same reason. There will be a reaction, probably several of them, before a final permanent basis is reached, but how soon it will occur, or what the point, no one can safely say. Only the strong est can stem the current, and others must go down."

—The Philadelphia *Ledger*, of Monday, says:

Gold continues to fall most sparingly. There are anxious inquiries on all hands for the cause of this, and almost as many reasons furnished. Among the more probable may be mentioned the heavy receipts from internal revenue and custom, adequate to produce a very large annual surplus of revenue. The tax is very nearly all upon the credit of the Government. Public confidence, under these circumstances, necessarily strengthens the difficulties in the way of the Treasury commencing the redemption of the notes, appear to be diminished, and gold, therefore, inevitably declines. Even the very absorption of immense amounts of gold in the Treasury, although it diminishes the supply on the market, has, by increasing the financial resources of the Government, a powerful tendency to depreciate the premium. Concurrently with these influences is the steady advance in Five-Twenties abroad, by removing apprehensions of a return of those securities, lessens the prospect of the premium being strengthened by any export demand for gold. Another reason is found in the fact that the market is not a large supply compared with the limited amount to which gold is put among us; and, perhaps, to this supply being in many hands. It is seen that only public stocks to the amount of fifty millions per-money prices as before the decline in the market value of gold, so that the Five-Twenty bonds, which were selling a few weeks ago at about seventy cents in the dollar for gold, have now arisen to be worth more than eighty.

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, March 27, 1866.

CATTLE—The supply of cattle on sale this week was unusually light, not exceeding six hundred head, but the demand was very limited, and the market ruled dull, and the offerings were apparently sufficient to meet the requirements of the retail trade. Of cattle on sale, over three hundred head were from Chicago, and the balance were brought to from Ohio and driven over from the Central Yards, and we are enquired that no drove being driven back again unsold. Butchers are buying very sparingly, while shippers are keeping aloof to nothing, the very unsettled condition of the Eastern markets preventing, in this class of buyers from operating very freely. Prices, however, as compared with last week, ruled a fraction higher, which may be attributed to the fact that cattle from Chicago cost from ½ to ¾ of a cent per pound more than the week previous. The very best retailing cattle, sold at from 7½ to 8 cents—but very few above 7¾ good to medium at 6½ to 7, and common at 5@6.

SHEEP—Market steady with a continued fair retail demand, while prices remain unchanged, good to strictly prime fat mutton Sheep, retailing at from 6½ to 7 cents. Receipts not very large, though the supply was apparently equal to the demand. Lafferty & Glass retailed 150 head, averaging about 80 lbs, at 6¾@6½; and Merrick & Bond 150 head of good fat Ohio Sheep, averaging about 100 lbs, at from 6¼ to 7 cents.

HOGS—Quiet, and without quotable change. Regular sales in a retail way at prices ranging from 9½ to 10½, gross, for fair to good averages.

SALES OF CATTLE.

Reis & Co retailed 57 head of Illinois steers at 6@7¾. Carr & McAlister 66 head at 5½@6¾; Lafferty & Glass 40 head at 5¾@7; also, sold 12 head of good Iowa steers, averaging 1150, to Marks & Trautman, for Quick, at $75 per head. Kaufmann sold Greenwald & Kahn 20 head of fat Illinois Iowa cattle, at 6c also, 20 head to Marks & Trautman at 5¾. Hay sold 18 head good Iowa cattle to Myers & Bro at 6¾; also, 18 head to Shanberg at 5¾. Merrick & Bond retailed 41 head at 6¼@7¾. Emanuel & Co retailed 11 head for sharp at 5½@6¾. Marks & Trautman 55 head at 5½@7¾. Rothschilds & Eckert 25 head at 6@7¾. Greenwald & Kahn 51 head at 5¾@6¾. Myers & Bro 19 head to Cruse & Haas 7¾. Ackerwin sold 14 head of prime Ohio cattle from Columbiana, brought to market by Mr. McBane, 2 sold at 6¾, and 12 at 7¾.

Saginaw Mich. Lumber Prospects.

Manufacturers' views are about the same as last year's prices, while purchasers are pressing for a slight decline; 2 to $3 on the figures put upon last year's common and cull lumber by holders, which we understand has been paid in some instances, while we hear of one instance where a much lower figure was accepted, in consideration of a large cash advance to meet present necessities. About the ruling figures as near as can be ascertained at present, are $40 per M for first clear, $35 for fourths, $30 for select cuts, $25 to $18 for common, and $7 for culls, for lumber cut last season. For the cut of 1866, prices are about $5 lower on common and culls, as offered now. There are good prospects of a large demand during the coming season, and good sizing prices will be undoubtedly sustained throughout the season.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

PHILADELPHIA, March 26.—Beef Cattle are in better demand this week at an advance. About 1200 head arrived and sold at the Avenue Drove Yard at from 9½@10½ cents for extra —the latter rate for choice—8½@9 cents for fair to good, and 10@13c per lb for common, as to quality.

Sheep—Continue in fair demand, about 6000 head arrived and sold at from 7@8c per lb, gross, as to quality.

Hogs.—The receipts continue very light, about 1000 head arrived and sold at the different yards at from $13@13 the 100 lbs net.

Cleveland Market

CLEVELAND, March 26.—Wheat—Moderate demand for car load. Sales 2 cars ordinary No 2 red winter at $1.55. Coarse Grains—Barley sells at $1.75. Corn—Quiet and unchanged. Held at 58c from store for No shelled. Oats—Steady and unchanged. Sales 800 bush at the Erie warehouse at 36c from store. Rye—No sales. Barley—Dull and lower. Sales 1000 bush No 2 State, from store, at 90.

Baltimore Seed Market.

BALTIMORE, March 26.—Clover is in demand for shipment, and prices are fully 25c per bush better, with sales of 600 bush common to prime at $6@6.75. The heavy sales of the past three days have unsettled the market considerably. Small lots of prime are quoted at $6@6.25; very scarce. Timothy quiet at $3.75@4, latter retail lots. Flax $2.90@2.95 per bush.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, March 27.—Tobacco—All grades below good leaf declined 25@50c. Flour and Wheat unchanged. Corn higher at 57@58c. Oats steady at 41@44c. Pork heavy at $26 for mess. Bacon favors buyers, at 16½c for clear sides, and 12c for shoulders. Whisky dull.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY March 27, 1866.

The produce markets were exceedingly dull to-day, and the indications for any immediate improvement are by no means encouraging. The demand for Flour, Grain, Provisions, Groceries, and in fact, nearly every article of produce, is very light, being restricted almost entirely to supplying the immediate wants of the retail trade, and, consequently, round lot operations are of very rare occurence. The fluctuations in gold do not appear to have any direct influence on values in the market, though it has a tendency to make business men very cautious in their operations, and prevents speculation to any extent.

GRAIN—Wheat is quiet and unchanged. Oats steady with an improved demand; small sales from store at 80@85. Barley is nominal at 75@90 for prime spring and Fall. Corn is selling in a small way from store at 65 to 70—may be quoted at 60@65 on track. No movement in Rye.

FLOUR—Is dull but unchanged. Small sales from store at $8.50@9 for spring Wheat, $9@9.50, for half Spring and half Winter; $10@10.50 for all Winter Wheat. Rye Flour is still quoted at $7.50@8 per bbl.

PROVISION—Bacon is dull but unchanged; sales at 13¾@14 for Shoulders; 16½@16¾ for Ribbed Sides, and 22@22½ for Sugar Cured Hams. Lard is held at 18c, and Mess Pork at $28@29.

SEEDS—Clover Seed is selling in small lots from store at $8@8, as to quality. Timothy Seed is dull at $3.40@3.45. Flaxseed is in demand at $2.

BUTTER—Is coming in pretty freely, and as the demand seems to be falling off, the market is weak, with a drooping tendency. We now quote prime to choice Roll at 30@35.

CHEESE—Is quoted at 23@24 for Hamburg, and 25 for Goshen.

POTATOES—In good demand, and a very light supply; we quote from store at $1.20 to $1.25 per bush, and $3@3.25 per bbl. Sales of "Jersey Blackeyes," for seed, at $3.00@4 per barrel.

HAY—Loose Hay is selling at city scales at $18 to $22 per ton—the latter figure only for prime Timothy.

DRIED FRUIT—Small sales of Apples at 13@15, and Peaches at 19@20, for quarters and halves.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, March 27, 1866.

CRUDE—There is a continued fair demand for Crude, on the spot as well as to arrive, and while the market is a shade firmer, there is no decided change to note in prices. The most noticeable feature we have to notice is the fact that there is more disposition manifested on the part of refiners to buy, and some of them, who a few days since were holding off under the impression that the price would decline to ten or eleven cents, are now willing to buy at 12½@13. Sales of 1200 at 12½; 400 at 12¾; 250 at 13; 500 at 13¼; 300 at 13¾; 300 at 13¾; heavy oil at 13¾; 500 (25 days) at 14; 500 (May) at 14¼, (July) at 14¾, and—on Monday evening—3000 bbls to be delivered between the 10th of April and 1st of May, sellers option, at 12½, and 2000 bbls for May delivery, seller's option, at 13. Tellegrams report the market at the wells somewhat firmer, but without decided change.

REFINED—There was a little more inquiry for bonded oil to-day, and while the market is reported a little better in the east, there is as yet, no improvement to note here. We continue to quote at 37@38c for immediate delivery in Philadelphia; 40 for May; 41@42 for June, and 42 for July. Sale of 500 bbls for July delivery, buyer's option, at 42. Refiners appear to have stiffened up a little in their views as to rates, but not apparently the same disposition to sell that there was a few days since, and many of them have determined to withhold their oil, and run the risk of the market. Free Oil is dull and entirely nominal.

NAPTHA AND RESIDUUM—No demand whatever for either of these articles, and as there have been no sales reported for some time, accurate quotations cannot be given.

IMPORTS BY RIVER—Per Ros. Moore—Cincinnati—1 bbl naptha, 1 do residuum, 1 do oil, 1 do lubricating oil, 1 do crude oil, 1 do refined oil, 1 do benzine